



# MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE TO ESTABLISH A CAR WASH

71 GALATEA STREET, CHARLEVILLE

LOT 20 ON C1405

**NEALE MCSHANE** 



# **Table of Contents**

EXECU	JTIVE SUMMARY	3
1.0	Introduction	4
2.0	Site and Locality	5
2.1	Subject Site	5
2.2	Characteristics of the Site	6
2.2	2.1 Road and Site Access	6
2.2	2.2 Services	6
2.3	Surrounding Land Uses	6
2.3	3.1 Surrounding Locality	6
3.0	Proposal	7
3.1	Development Outline	7
3.2	Access and Car Parking	8
3.3	Infrastructure and Servicing	8
4.0	Planning Framework	9
4.1	Planning Act 2016	9
4.2	State Planning Policy 2017	9
4.3	Regional Plan	9
4.4	Referrals	10
4.5	State Development Assessment Provisions	10
4.6	Murweh Shire Planning Scheme	10
4.6	6.1 Strategic Plan	11
4.6	6.2 Planning Scheme Zoning	11
4.6	6.3 General Development Code	12
5.0	Conclusion	12



# **Attachments**

Attachment A - DA Form 1

Attachment B – Owner's Consent

Attachment C - Title Search & Smart Map

Attachment D - Proposal Plans

Attachment E – Traffic Impact Assessment

Attachment F – Stormwater Management Plan

Attachment G – Planning Scheme Code Responses

Attachment H - SDAP Code Response



# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

#### Site

Address 71 Galatea Street, Charleville					
Lot on Plan	Lot 20 on C1405				
Lot Size	2,023m <sup>2</sup>				
Ownership	Neale William McShane				

#### **Proposal**

Assessment Manager	Murweh Shire Council				
Planning Scheme	Murweh Shire Planning Scheme				
Zoning	Township Zone				
Precinct	Commercial Precinct				
Overlays	<ul> <li>Planning Scheme Overlays</li> <li>Charleville Airport Obstacle Limitation Surface</li> <li>SPP Overlays</li> <li>Level 1 Queensland Floodplain Assessment Overlay</li> <li>Bushfire Prone Area</li> <li>State-controlled Road</li> </ul>				
Referral Agencies	Material Change of use near a State transport corridor and State transport intersection  Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 2, Table 4, Item 1				

# **Application Details**

Application Type	Development Permit				
Proposal	Material Change of Use to establish a Car Wash				
Level of Assessment	Impact Assessment				
Applicant	Neale McShane				
Applicant's Representative	Kate Swepson Swep Consulting 6 Sheridan Street CHINCHILLA QLD 4413				
	kate@swepcon.com.au Ph: 0407 599 265				



### 1.0 Introduction

Swep Consulting has been engaged by the applicant, Neale McShane, to prepare an application for a Development Permit for Material Change of Use to establish a Car Wash on land described as Lot 20 on C1405, situated at 71 Galatea Street, Charleville.

This application comprises an overview of the subject site and the proposed development and provides an assessment of the proposal in relation to the applicable statutory planning instruments, and is accompanied by:

- DA Form 1 (Attachment A);
- Owner's Consent (Attachment B); and
- Relevant Plans (Attachment D);
- Traffic Impact Assessment (Attachment E)
- Stormwater Management Plan (Attachment F).

Based on the town planning assessment undertaken in relation to the proposed Material Change of Use, this report considers that the development complies with the relevant outcomes of the Murweh Shire Planning Scheme. Accordingly, the proposed development is recommended for approval by Council, subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



# 2.0 Site and Locality

#### 2.1 Subject Site

The subject site is one single allotments located at 71 Galatea Street, Charleville, formally described as Lot 20 on C1405.

The subject site is located on the south-western edge of the Charleville Commercial Precinct. The location of the site is shown below in Figure 1 – Locality Plan.

The subject site is a regular shaped allotment with an area of 2,023m<sup>2</sup>. The site has frontage to Sturt Street/Mitchell Highway and Galatea Street to the south-west and south-east respectively (refer Attachment C – Smart Map).

The site currently contains an existing building, previously operated as a Medical Centre. An ancillary outbuilding is also located along the northern boundary of the site.

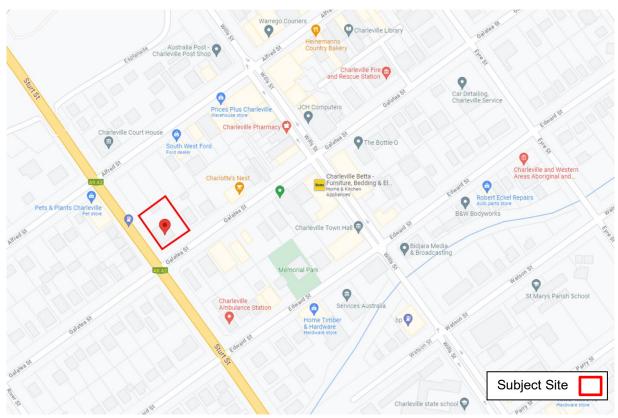


Figure 1 - Locality Plan

Source: Google Maps



#### 2.2 Characteristics of the Site

#### 2.2.1 Road and Site Access

The subject site has frontages to two constructed roads, being Sturt Street/Mitchell Highway and Galatea Street. Sturt Street is a 17m wide two-lane State-controlled bitumen road. Galatea Street is a two-lane bitumen road, approximately 23m wide, with angle parking provided along both sides of the road. Kerb and channel is provided along both Alfred and Wills Streets.

The existing building gains access to both Sturt Street and Galatea Street via existing crossovers.

#### 2.2.2 Services

The subject site is serviced by Council's reticulated water and sewerage networks, as well as reticulated electricity and telecommunications connections. No changes to the existing services connections are required to facilitate the proposed development.

#### 2.3 Surrounding Land Uses

#### 2.3.1 Surrounding Locality

The subject site is situated within the central business district of Charleville. The lots surrounding the site are located in the Commercial Precinct to the north and east and the Residential Precinct to the south and west. The zoning map is provided below as Figure 2.



Figure 2 - Zoning Map

Source: Murweh Shire Planning Scheme



# 3.0 Proposal

This application is to obtain a Development Permit for a Material Change of Use to establish a Car Wash on the site

#### 3.1 Development Outline

The proposed development is to establish a Car Wash on the site. The car wash will include two covered vacuum bays, 3 manual car wash bays and a dog wash/hydrobath. Rainwater storage tanks will be placed in the northern corner of the site. Relevant plans are included as Attachment D to this report.

The former medical centre building on site will be retained, while the carport on the site will be demolished.

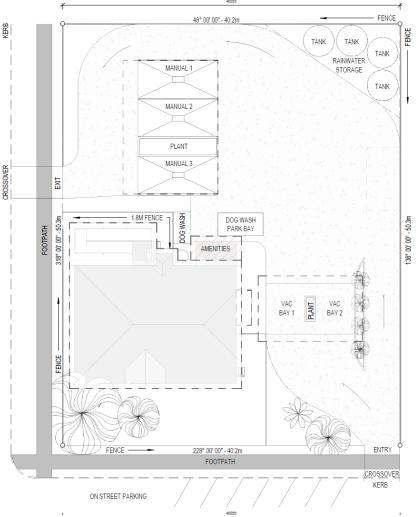


Figure 3 – Site Plan

Source: Proposal Plans



#### 3.2 Access and Car Parking

The site has two existing crossovers. These crossovers will be upgraded to cater for the expected commercial traffic. Vehicle movements through the site will be one-way, with vehicles entering via Galatea Street and existing onto Sturt Street. The proposed layout ensures no queuing onto the State-controlled road.

The applicant has prepared a Traffic Impact Assessment to support the development application, included as Attachment E.

Due to the nature of the use, no car parking spaces have been designated on site for the car wash activity. One space is proposed adjacent to the dog wash/hydrobath area to provide parking for customers using the facility.

#### 3.3 Infrastructure and Servicing

The site has access to Council's reticulated water and sewerage networks. The proposed development will be connected via the existing services connections.

Electricity services are available and the development will be connected in accordance with the relevant standards.

Stormwater will be managed on site in accordance with the attached Stormwater Management Plan (refer Attachment F). Runoff will be collected on site and released so as to ensure no worsening of the external drainage infrastructure.



# 4.0 Planning Framework

#### 4.1 Planning Act 2016

The purpose of the Planning Act 2016 is to "establish an efficient, effective, transparent, integrated, coordinated, and accountable system of land use planning (planning), development assessment and related matters that facilitates the achievement of ecological sustainability".

The proposal constitutes a material change of use as defined in the *Planning Act 2016* as it involves the establishment of a new use on the subject site. A Development Permit must be obtained to authorise the lawful commencement of the use.

#### 4.2 State Planning Policy 2017

The following State interests have been identified for the subject site:

- Natural Hazards Risk and Resilience
  - Flood Hazard Area Level 1 Queensland Floodplain Assessment Overlay\*
  - Bushfire Prone Area
  - State-controlled Road

The Murweh Shire Planning Scheme includes specific flood hazard mapping for Charleville, and this application will be assessed against the Council flood overlay as the best available information.

#### 4.3 Regional Plan

The South West Regional Plan was adopted in August 2009, and covers the local government areas of Murweh, Quilpie, Bulloo and Paroo. The intent of the South West Regional Plan is to manage change and shape the prospects of rural communities in South West Queensland.

The *Planning Regulation 2017* requires that impact assessable applications be assessed against the relevant regional plan, irrespective of whether the planning scheme appropriately reflects the regional plan.

The subject site is located within the township of Charleville. The proposed development promotes economic development in the Charleville centre while maintaining the unique character of the town through the retention of the existing building on site. Further, the development supports the role of Charleville as a major rural activity centre by providing car wash facilities in the town centre. The proposed development is therefore considered to comply with the regional outcomes within the South West Regional Plan.



#### 4.4 Referrals

Schedule 10 of the *Planning Regulation 2017* contains all relevant referral triggers for development assessment. The following referrals have been identified:

Relevant Provision	Referral Agency
Development application for a material change of use, other than an excluded material change of use, that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument, if all or part of the premises—  (a) are within 25m of a State transport corridor; or (b) are a future State transport corridor; or (c) are—  (i) adjacent to a road that intersects with a State-controlled road; and (ii) within 100m of the intersection	The chief executive
Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 2, Table 4, Item 1	

#### 4.5 State Development Assessment Provisions

The State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP) provide assessment benchmarks for the assessment of development applications where the chief executive administering the *Planning Act 2016* is the assessment manager or a referral agency.

This development applications triggers assessment against State Code 1 – Development in a State-controlled Road environment. An assessment against these codes is included as Attachment H.

#### 4.6 Murweh Shire Planning Scheme

Schedule 1 of the Murweh Shire Planning Scheme defines the proposed development as:

Car wash: means the use of premises for the commercial cleaning of motor vehicles.

Table 5.5.4 identifies the categories of development and assessment within the Township Zone. A Material Change of Use to establish a Car Wash in the Commercial Precinct is identified as Impact Assessable. Pursuant to Section 45 of the *Planning Act 2016*, an Impact Assessable application is an assessment that –

- (a) must be carried out -
  - (i) against the assessment benchmarks in a categorising instrument for the development; and
  - (ii) having regard to any matters prescribed by regulation; and
- (b) may be carried out against, or having regard to, any other relevant matter, other than a person's personal circumstances, financial or otherwise.

Following is a summary of the assessment of the development against the relevant assessment benchmarks.



#### 4.6.1 Strategic Plan

The strategic plan sets the policy direction for the planning scheme and forms the basis for ensuring appropriate development occurs in the planning scheme area for the life of the planning scheme.

The strategic plan is represented by five (5) themes. As summary of the theme and the development's compliance is outlined below.

Theme	Response				
Encouraging Economic Growth	The proposed development is located within the Commercial Precinct of Charleville and does not result in fragmentation of or encroachment onto Rural land.				
	Further, the proposed development consolidates Charleville as the south west region's key service centre. The development provides additional services to residents and units within close proximity to commercial uses.				
Supporting Rural and Small Town Living	The proposed development provides for a new commercial service within the existing zoned Commercial Precinct. The proposal will be well-designed, easily accessible for travellers along the State-controlled road network and will maintain the existing built form with the building remaining on site.				
Avoiding the Impacts of Natural and Other Hazards	The subject site is not mapped as being subject to flooding in Council's Flood Hazard Overlay. The site is mapped having a small area within a bushfire potential impact buffer. The bushfire prone area is located around the Warrego River approximately 120m from the subject site. The development is not considered to increase the number of people at risk of a natural hazard event.				
Safeguarding our Environment and Heritage	The proposed development is contained within an existing commercial area and will not result in any impacts on the natural environment.				
	The site is not mapped as containing any heritage values. Notwithstanding, the existing building, previously used as a Medical Centre, will be retained on site.				
Providing appropriate infrastructure	The subject site is serviced by two sealed roads that are suitable for the expected traffic generated by the proposed use. The site is serviced by all available urban infrastructure networks and no extensions to the network are required to service the proposal.				

Based on the above assessment, the proposed development is considered able to comply with the relevant outcomes of the Strategic Plan.

#### 4.6.2 Planning Scheme Zoning

The primary subject site is located in the Commercial Precinct of the Township Zone of the Murweh Shire Planning Scheme.

#### 4.6.2.1 Township Zone - Overall Outcomes

"The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following outcomes:

a. a range of uses including residential, retail, business, education, industrial, community purpose, tourist facilities, recreation and open space are supported in the zone where they are located in the appropriate zone precinct (where appropriate) and do not impact on neighbouring uses;



- b. development is serviced with MSC infrastructure where MSC infrastructure exists.
- c. residential uses are protected from non-residential uses by buffering and design techniques that limit the impacts of non-residential uses;
- d. development is located in areas that are flood protected and where bushfire hazard risk is low.
- e. Industrial land uses are protected from encroachment by incompatible land uses.

The purpose of the zone will also be achieved through the following additional overall outcomes for particular precincts:

- a. Charleville commercial precinct:
  - i. This precinct promotes the commercial, professional, government and retail uses that service the Shire and South West Queensland, which are consolidated in the Charleville central business district.
  - ii. New developments create a highly attractive and permeable pedestrian-based built form that achieves a high standard of design and blends with the existing town character and streetscape.
  - iii. New commercial buildings make provision for on-site handling of goods, car parking for staff and clients, landscaping and shade areas in keeping with the existing streetscape.
  - iv. New business are encouraged to use existing buildings to help keep the commercial precinct vibrant."

The proposed development is considered to comply with the Overall Outcomes as:

- The proposed development is a commercial activity that will provide a service to the Shire and tourists travelling in the South West.
- The subject site is serviced by MSC infrastructure and no changes to the services connections are required.
- The site is not mapped as being at risk of flooding in Council's Flood Hazard mapping.
- The proposed development makes provision for on-site servicing and car parking, as required.
- Landscaping areas will be provided along the property frontages with some existing trees retained to maintain the streetscape.

#### **4.6.2.2 Township Zone – Performance and Acceptable Outcomes**

A complete assessment of the proposal against the Performance and Acceptable Outcomes of the Township Zone Code is included in Attachment E. The proposed development is a new business in Charleville and will not compromise existing commercial operations on surrounding properties. The proposed development is considered to comply with the relevant Performance and Acceptable Outcomes of the Township Zone Code.

#### 4.6.3 General Development Code

A complete assessment of the proposal against the Performance and Acceptable Outcomes of the Township Zone Code is included in Attachment E. The proposed development complies with all setback, site cover and height requirements. The development will upgrade the two existing crossovers, and the upgraded crossovers will be designed in accordance with relevant engineering standards. The proposal is therefore considered the comply with the Performance and Acceptable Outcomes of the General Development Code.



## 5.0 Conclusion

This application seeks approval for a Development Permit for a Material Change of Use to establish a Car Wash on the subject site.

The subject land is located in the Township Zone under the *Murweh Shire Planning Scheme*, where the development is Impact Assessable.

The above assessment has demonstrated that the proposal is generally consistent with the provisions of the Planning Scheme, including the outcomes of the zone and relevant development and overlay codes. It is considered that there are sufficient grounds to overcome any conflict with the Planning Scheme as outlined above.

Having regard to the matters and issues raised in this report it is recommended that Council support the application for a Development Permit for Material Change of Use, subject to the imposition of reasonable and relevant conditions.



ATTACHMENT A - DA FORM 1

## DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.3 effective 28 September 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving only building work.

For a development application involving **building work only**, use *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

For a development application involving **building work associated with any other type of assessable development** (i.e. material change of use, operational work or reconfiguring a lot), use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

**Note:** All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

#### PART 1 – APPLICANT DETAILS

1) Applicant details	
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	Neale McShane C/- Swep Consulting
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	Kate Swepson
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	6 Sheridan Street
Suburb	Chinchilla
State	QLD
Postcode	4413
Country	
Contact number	0407 599 265
Email address (non-mandatory)	kate@swepcon.com.au
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	
Fax number (non-mandatory)	
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	2022-039

2) Owner's consent
2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?
<ul><li>✓ Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application</li><li>✓ No – proceed to 3)</li></ul>



# PART 2 – LOCATION DETAILS

3) Location of the premises (complete 3.1) or 3.2), and 3.3) as applicable) <b>Note</b> : Provide details below and attach a site plan for any or all premises part of the development application. For further information, see <u>DA</u>												
Forms Guide: Relevant plans.												
	treet addres		<u> </u>									
			•		ots must be liste	•	cont n	concerts, of the	promisoo (annuariete feu develariesentin			
Street address <b>AND</b> lot on plan for an adjoining or adjacent property of the premises (appropriate for development in water but adjoining or adjacent to land e.g. jetty, pontoon. All lots must be listed).												
	Unit No.	Street	No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре		Suburb				
,		71		Galatea Street					Charleville			
a)	Postcode	Lot No	<b>)</b> .	Plan Type and Number (e.			e.g. RF	P, SP)	Local Government Area(s)			
		20		C140	)5				Murweh Shire			
	Unit No.	Street	No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре			Suburb			
b)	Postcode	Lot No	٥.	Plan	Type and No	umber (	e.g. RF	P, SP)	Local Government Area(s)			
3.2) C	oordinates o	of premi	ises (ap	propriat	e for developme	ent in ren	note area	as, over part of a	a lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land			
e.	g. channel dred	dging in N	Noreton B	Bay)								
	lace each set of				e row. de and latitud	40						
	ude(s)	premis	Latitud		ie and latitud	Datui	m		Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)			
Longit	uue(s)		Lautut	ue(s)					Local Government Area(s) (Il applicable)			
						☐ WGS84 ☐ GDA94						
						_	ther:					
Со	ordinates of	premis	es by e	asting	and northing							
Eastin	g(s)	North	Northing(s) Zone Ref.		Datum			Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)				
					☐ 54 ☐ WGS84		GS84					
				☐ 55 ☐ GDA94		DA94						
					□ 56		ther:					
3.3) A	dditional pre	mises										
							pplicati	on and the d	etails of these premises have been			
		chedule	to this	devel	opment appl	ication						
⊠ No	t required											
4) Ido	atify any of t	ha falla	wing th	at ann	ly to the proj	micoc o	nd pro	vide any rele	vant details			
								·	vant uctans			
	-		•		itercourse or	III OI a	bove a	ırı aquilei				
Name of water body, watercourse or aquifer:												
On strategic port land under the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>												
Lot on plan description of strategic port land:												
Name of port authority for the lot:												
☐ In a tidal area  Name of local government for the tidal area (if applicable):												
ŀ	_					able):						
Name of port authority for tidal area (if applicable):												
On airport land under the Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008												
Name	of airport:											

Listed on the Environmental Management Register (EMR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994						
EMR site identification:						
Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) unde	r the Environmental Protection Act 1994					
CLR site identification:						
5) Are there any existing easements over the premises?  Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .						
<ul> <li>Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions are included in plans submitted with this development application</li> <li>No</li> </ul>						

# PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS

# Section 1 – Aspects of development

6.1) Provide details about the	e first development aspect							
a) What is the type of develo	pment? (tick only one box)							
	Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	Building work					
b) What is the approval type? (tick only one box)								
□ Development permit	☑ Development permit ☐ Preliminary approval ☐ Preliminary approval that includes a variation approv							
c) What is the level of assess	sment?							
Code assessment	☐ Impact assessment (require	es public notification)						
d) Provide a brief description lots):	of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartr	ment building defined as multi-unit dw	velling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3					
Car Wash								
e) Relevant plans  Note: Relevant plans are required to Relevant plans.	o be submitted for all aspects of this o	development application. For further in	nformation, see <u>DA Forms guide:</u>					
⊠ Relevant plans of the prop	posed development are attach	ed to the development applica	ation					
6.2) Provide details about the	e second development aspect							
a) What is the type of develo	pment? (tick only one box)							
☐ Material change of use	Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	Building work					
b) What is the approval type?	? (tick only one box)							
☐ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval that	includes a variation approval					
c) What is the level of assess	sment?							
Code assessment	Impact assessment (require	es public notification)						
d) Provide a brief description lots):	of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit aparti	ment building defined as multi-unit dw	velling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3					
e) Relevant plans  Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide:</u> Relevant plans.								
Relevant plans of the proposed development are attached to the development application								
6.3) Additional aspects of development								
	elopment are relevant to this d nder Part 3 Section 1 of this for							

## Section 2 - Further development details

Occion 2 Turiner develo	princint de	Stalls							
7) Does the proposed develop	ment appl	ication invo	lve any of the follo	wing?					
Material change of use									
Reconfiguring a lot	Yes -	es – complete division 2							
Operational work	Yes -	es – complete division 3							
Building work	Yes -	- complete	DA Form 2 – Build	ing work de	tails				
Division 1 – Material change  Note: This division is only required to be local planning instrument.	e completed i		e development applicat	tion involves a	material ch	nange of use asse	essable against a		
8.1) Describe the proposed ma Provide a general description proposed use	-	Provide th	ne planning schemo			er of dwelling f applicable)	Gross floor area (m²) (if applicable)		
Car Wash									
						_			
8.2) Does the proposed use in Yes	volve the	use of existi	ing buildings on the	e premises?					
⊠ NO									
Division 2 – Reconfiguring a l	ot								
Note: This division is only required to be				ion involves re	configuring	ı a lot.			
9.1) What is the total number of	of existing	lots making	up the premises?						
9.2) What is the nature of the l	ot reception	guration? #	ak all applicable bayes						
Subdivision (complete 10))	or recorni	guration: (iii		into narte hi	, agreem	nent (complete 1	1))		
Boundary realignment (com	nlete 1211								
boundary realignment (com	piele 12))			Creating or changing an easement giving access to a lot from a constructed road (complete 13))					
			•						
10) Subdivision									
10.1) For this development, ho	ow many lo	ots are bein	g created and wha	t is the inten	ided use	of those lots:			
Intended use of lots created	Reside	ential	Commercial	Industrial		Other, please	e specify:		
Number of lots created									
10.2) Will the subdivision be s	taged?								
<ul><li>☐ Yes – provide additional de</li><li>☐ No</li></ul>	tails belov	v							
How many stages will the work	ks include	?							
What stage(s) will this develop apply to?	ment app	lication							

11) Dividing land int parts?	o parts by	y agreement – h	ow many par	ts are being o	created and what	t is the intended use of the
Intended use of par	ts created	d Residentia	I Com	mercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:
Number of parts cre	eated					
12) Boundary realig	ınment					
12.1) What are the		nd proposed are	as for each lo	ot comprising	the premises?	
,	Curre	nt lot			Prop	osed lot
Lot on plan descript	tion	Area (m²)		Lot on plan	description	Area (m <sup>2</sup> )
40.0) \\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\/\		·	-l:			
12.2) What is the re	eason for	the boundary re	alignment?			
13) What are the di (attach schedule if there			ny existing e	asements be	ing changed and	or any proposed easement?
Existing or proposed?	Width (r	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Purpose of pedestrian a	of the easemo	ent? (e.g.	Identify the land/lot(s) benefitted by the easement
						,
Division 2 Operat	ional wa	el e				
Division 3 – Operat <i>Note: This division is only i</i>			part of the devel	opment applicati	ion involves operation	nal work.
14.1) What is the na	ature of th	ne operational w	ork?			
Road work			Stormwat		_	frastructure
☐ Drainage work☐ Landscaping			☐ Earthworl☐ Signage	(S	_	infrastructure vegetation
Other – please s	specify:					vogotation
14.2) Is the operation		necessary to fa	cilitate the cre	eation of new	lots? (e.g. subdivis	sion)
Yes – specify nu	ımber of r	new lots:				
☐ No		<u>.</u>				
14.3) What is the m	onetary v	alue of the prop	osed operation	onal work? (in	clude GST, material	s and labour)
\$						
PART 4 – ASSI	ESSME	ΕΝΤ ΜΑΝΑ	GER DET	All S		
			OLIV DE I	7 (ILO		
15) Identify the asse	essment r	manager(s) who	will be asses	sing this dev	elopment applica	ation
Murweh Shire Council						
16) Has the local government agreed to apply a superseded planning scheme for this development application?						
Yes – a copy of the decision notice is attached to this development application  The local government is taken to have agreed to the superseded planning scheme request – relevant documents						
attached	irnent is t	aken to nave ag	reed to the st	uperseaea pla	anning scheme r	equest – relevant documents
⊠ No						

# PART 5 – REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Does this development application include any aspects that have any referral requirements?  Note: A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.
□ No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application – proceed to Part 6
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the Planning Act 2016:
☐ Clearing native vegetation
Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has not been devolved to a local government)
Fisheries – aquaculture
Fisheries – declared fish habitat area
Fisheries – marine plants
Fisheries – waterway barrier works
Hazardous chemical facilities
Heritage places – Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place)
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – designated premises
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – state transport infrastructure
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State transport corridor and future State transport corridor
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State-controlled transport tunnels and future state-controlled transport tunnels
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – near a state-controlled road intersection
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – interfering with koala habitat in koala habitat areas outside koala priority areas
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – key resource areas
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – near a State transport corridor or future State transport corridor
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – environmentally relevant activity (ERA)
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – tidal works or work in a coastal management district
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – hazardous chemical facility
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – taking or interfering with water
Ports – Brisbane core port land – referable dams
Ports – Brisbane core port land – fisheries
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below high-water mark)
☐ SEQ development area
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – tourist activity or sport and recreation activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – community activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – indoor recreation
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – urban activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – combined use
☐ Tidal works or works in a coastal management district
Reconfiguring a lot in a coastal management district or for a canal
☐ Erosion prone area in a coastal management district
☐ Urban design
☐ Water-related development – taking or interfering with water
☐ Water-related development – removing quarry material (from a watercourse or lake)
☐ Water-related development – referable dams
☐ Water-related development —levees (category 3 levees only)
☐ Wetland protection area
Matters requiring referral to the local government:
Airport land
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has been devolved to local government)

☐ Heritage places – Local heritage places				
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the	distribution entity or transmissi	ion entity:		
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – Electricity infrastructure				
Matters requiring referral to:				
The Chief Executive of the holder of the licence,	if not an individual			
The holder of the licence, if the holder of the licence.	ce is an individual			
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – Oil and gas infrastruc	cture			
Matters requiring referral to the Brisbane City Council:				
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land				
Matters requiring referral to the Minister responsible fo	r administering the <i>Transport I</i>	nfrastructure Act 1994:		
Ports – Brisbane core port land (where inconsistent with th	e Brisbane port LUP for transport reasons	5)		
☐ Ports – Strategic port land				
Matters requiring referral to the relevant port operator,	if applicant is not port operator:			
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below	v high-water mark)			
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the	elevant port authority:			
Ports – Land within limits of another port (below high-wa	-			
Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coast Waterways				
☐ Tidal works or work in a coastal management district	-			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Matters requiring referral to the Queensland Fire and E				
Tidal works or work in a coastal management district	(involving a marina (more than six vessel	berths))		
18) Has any referral agency provided a referral response	for this development application	?		
<ul><li>☐ Yes – referral response(s) received and listed below a</li><li>☒ No</li></ul>	are attached to this development	application		
Referral requirement	Referral agency	Date of referral response		
Identify and describe any changes made to the proposed	development application that wa	s the subject of the		
referral response and this development application, or in				
(if applicable).				
PART 6 – INFORMATION REQUEST				
19) Information request under Part 3 of the DA Rules				
☐ I agree to receive an information request if determine	d necessary for this development	application		
☐ I do not agree to accept an information request for thi	•	11		
Note: By not agreeing to accept an information request I, the applicant, acknowledge:				
<ul> <li>that this development application will be assessed and decided be application and the assessment manager and any referral agence</li> </ul>				

Part 3 of the DA Rules will still apply if the application is an application listed under section 11.3 of the DA Rules.

Further advice about information requests is contained in the <u>DA Forms Guide</u>.

# PART 7 – FURTHER DETAILS

20) Are there any associated development applications or current approvals? (e.g. a preliminary approval)				
Yes – provide details below or include details in a schedule to this development application				
⊠ No				_
List of approval/development	Reference number	Date		Assessment
application references				manager
☐ Approval				
Development application				
☐ Approval				
☐ Development application				
		•		
21) Has the portable long serv	rice leave levy been paid? (onl	ly applicable to	o development applications in	volving building work or
	ed QLeave form is attached to	o this devel	opment application	
	ovide evidence that the portat		•	n paid before the
	des the development applicati			
	al only if I provide evidence th	•	_	levy has been paid
⊠ Not applicable (e.g. buildin	g and construction work is les	s than \$150	0,000 excluding GST)	
Amount paid	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)		QLeave levy number (	A, B or E)
\$				
22) Is this development applica	ation in response to a show c	ause notice	or required as a result	of an enforcement
notice?				
Yes – show cause or enforce	cement notice is attached			
No				
23) Further legislative requirer	nents			
Environmentally relevant ac	tivities			
23.1) Is this development appl		nlication for	r an environmental auth	ority for an
Environmentally Relevant A				
Yes – the required attachment (form ESR/2015/1791) for an application for an environmental authority				
accompanies this development application, and details are provided in the table below				
No		•		
Note: Application for an environmental authority can be found by searching "ESR/2015/1791" as a search term at www.gld.gov.au. An ERA				
requires an environmental authority to				
Proposed ERA number:		Proposed E	RA threshold:	
Proposed ERA name:				
☐ Multiple ERAs are applicab	ole to this development applica	ation and th	e details have been atta	ached in a schedule to
this development application.				
Hazardous chemical facilities				
23.2) Is this development application for a hazardous chemical facility?				
Yes – Form 69: Notification of a facility exceeding 10% of schedule 15 threshold is attached to this development				
application				
⊠ No				
Note: See www.business.gld.gov.au	or further information about hazardor	us chemical no	otifications.	

Clearing native vegetation
23.3) Does this development application involve <b>clearing native vegetation</b> that requires written confirmation that the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> is satisfied the clearing is for a relevant purpose under section 22A of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> ?
Yes – this development application includes written confirmation from the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> (s22A determination)
Note: 1. Where a development application for operational work or material change of use requires a s22A determination and this is not included, the development application is prohibited development.  2. See <a href="https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying">https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying</a> for further information on how to obtain a s22A determination.
Environmental offsets
23.4) Is this development application taken to be a prescribed activity that may have a significant residual impact on a <b>prescribed environmental matter</b> under the <i>Environmental Offsets Act 2014</i> ?
<ul> <li>Yes – I acknowledge that an environmental offset must be provided for any prescribed activity assessed as having a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter</li> <li>No</li> </ul>
Note: The environmental offset section of the Queensland Government's website can be accessed at <a href="https://www.gld.gov.au">www.gld.gov.au</a> for further information on environmental offsets.
Koala habitat in SEQ Region
23.5) Does this development application involve a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot or operational work which is assessable development under Schedule 10, Part 10 of the Planning Regulation 2017?
Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area in the koala priority area
☐ Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area outside the koala priority area
No  Note: If a koala habitat area determination has been obtained for this premises and is current over the land, it should be provided as part of this development application. See koala habitat area guidance materials at <a href="https://www.des.qld.gov.au">www.des.qld.gov.au</a> for further information.
Water resources
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ?
Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development
No  Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at <a href="https://www.dnrme.gld.gov.au">www.dnrme.gld.gov.au</a> for further information.
DA templates are available from <a href="https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/">https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/</a> . If the development application involves:
Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1  This is a first of the second of t
<ul> <li>Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2</li> <li>Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3.</li> </ul>
Waterway barrier works 23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works?
Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application
No  DA templates are available from <a href="https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/">https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/</a> . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4.
Marine activities
23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or removal, disturbance or destruction of marine plants?
Yes – an associated <i>resource</i> allocation authority is attached to this development application, if required under the <i>Fisheries Act 1994</i>
No Note: See guidance materials at <a href="https://www.daf.qld.gov.au">www.daf.qld.gov.au</a> for further information.

Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake				
23.9) Does this development application involve the <b>removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake</b> under the <i>Water Act 2000?</i>				
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No				
Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at <a href="https://www.dnrme.qld.gov.au">www.business.qld.gov.au</a> for further information.				
Quarry materials from land under tidal waters				
23.10) Does this development application involve the <b>removal of quarry materials from land under tidal water</b> under the <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995?</i>				
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No				
<b>Note</b> : Contact the Department of Environment and Science at <a href="https://www.des.gld.gov.au">www.des.gld.gov.au</a> for further information.				
Referable dams				
23.11) Does this development application involve a <b>referable dam</b> required to be failure impact assessed under section 343 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> (the Water Supply Act)?				
Yes – the 'Notice Accepting a Failure Impact Assessment' from the chief executive administering the Water Supply Act is attached to this development application				
No Note: See guidance materials at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au for further information.				
Tidal work or development within a coastal management district				
23.12) Does this development application involve tidal work or development in a coastal management district?				
Yes – the following is included with this development application:				
Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work)				
☐ A certificate of title  ☐ No				
Note: See guidance materials at <a href="https://www.des.gld.gov.au">www.des.gld.gov.au</a> for further information.				
Queensland and local heritage places				
23.13) Does this development application propose development on or adjoining a place entered in the <b>Queensland</b> heritage register or on a place entered in a local government's <b>Local Heritage Register</b> ?				
<ul><li>☐ Yes – details of the heritage place are provided in the table below</li><li>☐ No</li></ul>				
Note: See guidance materials at <a href="www.des.qld.gov.au">www.des.qld.gov.au</a> for information requirements regarding development of Queensland heritage places.				
Name of the heritage place: Place ID:				
<u>Brothels</u>				
23.14) Does this development application involve a material change of use for a brothel?				
Yes – this development application demonstrates how the proposal meets the code for a development				
application for a brothel under Schedule 3 of the <i>Prostitution Regulation 2014</i> ☑ No				
Decision under section 62 of the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994				
23.15) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controlled road?				
∑ Yes – this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> being				
satisfied)  No				

Walkable neighbourhoods assessment benchmarks under Schedule 12A of the Planning Regulation
23.16) Does this development application involve reconfiguring a lot into 2 or more lots in certain residential zones (except rural residential zones), where at least one road is created or extended?
Yes – Schedule 12A is applicable to the development application and the assessment benchmarks contained in schedule 12A have been considered
⊠ No
<b>Note</b> : See guidance materials at <a href="https://www.planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au">www.planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au</a> for further information.

# PART 8 - CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION

24) Development application checklist	
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral	
requirement(s) in question 17  Note: See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements	⊠ Yes
	□ V
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of <u>DA Form 2 – Building work details</u> have been completed and attached to this development application	<ul><li>☐ Yes</li><li>☒ Not applicable</li></ul>
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with the development application	
<b>Note</b> : This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see <a href="DA">DA</a> Forms Guide: Planning Report Template.	⊠ Yes
Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application <b>Note</b> : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> : Relevant plans.	⊠ Yes
The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a development permit is issued (see 21)	<ul><li>☐ Yes</li><li>☒ Not applicable</li></ul>
25) Applicant declaration	
By making this development application, I declare that all information in this development correct	application is true and
Where an email address is provided in Part 1 of this form, I consent to receive future elec	
from the assessment manager and any referral agency for the development application w is required or permitted pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of the <i>Electronic Transactions Act</i>	
Note: It is unlawful to intentionally provide false or misleading information.	. 2001
<b>Privacy</b> – Personal information collected in this form will be used by the assessment manager assessment manager, any relevant referral agency and/or building certifier (including any prowhich may be engaged by those entities) while processing, assessing and deciding the deverall information relating to this development application may be available for inspection and published on the assessment manager's and/or referral agency's website.  Personal information will not be disclosed for a purpose unrelated to the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , Regulation 2017 and the DA Rules except where:	ofessional advisers elopment application. urchase, and/or Planning
<ul> <li>such disclosure is in accordance with the provisions about public access to documents of Act 2016 and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the Planning Regulation 2017; or</li> </ul>	
• required by other legislation (including the Right to Information Act 2009); or	
otherwise required by law.	
This information may be stored in relevant databases. The information collected will be retain <i>Public Records Act 2002.</i>	ned as required by the

# PART 9 - FOR COMPLETION OF THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER - FOR OFFICE **USE ONLY**

Date received:	Reference numb	per(s):				
Notification of engagement of	Notification of engagement of alternative assessment manager					
Prescribed assessment man	ager					
Name of chosen assessmen	t manager					
Date chosen assessment ma	anager engaged					
Contact number of chosen a	ssessment manager					
Relevant licence number(s)	of chosen assessment					
manager						
QLeave notification and pay						
Note: For completion by assessmen	nt manager if applicable					
Description of the work						
QLeave project number						
Amount paid (\$)		Date paid (dd/mm/yy)				
Date receipted form sighted by assessment manager						
Name of officer who sighted	the form					



ATTACHMENT B – OWNER'S CONSENT

# Individual owner's consent for making a development application under the *Planning Act 2016*

I, Neale William McShane
as owner of the premises identified as follows:
71 Galatea Street, Charleville (Lot 20 on C1405)
onsent to the making of a development application under the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> by:
Swep Consulting
on the premises described above for:
Material Change of Use to establish a Car Wash
Nede MShane
13/10/2023



ATTACHMENT C - SMART MAP & TITLE SEARCH





# Queensland Titles Registry Pty Ltd ABN 23 648 568 101

Title Reference:	17173120
Date Title Created:	10/08/1988
Previous Title:	10434011

#### **ESTATE AND LAND**

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 20 CROWN PLAN C1405

Local Government: MURWEH

#### REGISTERED OWNER

Dealing No: 721259103 16/11/2021

**NEALE WILLIAM MCSHANE** 

#### **EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS**

 Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by Deed of Grant No. 10206080 (ALLOT 10 SEC 10)

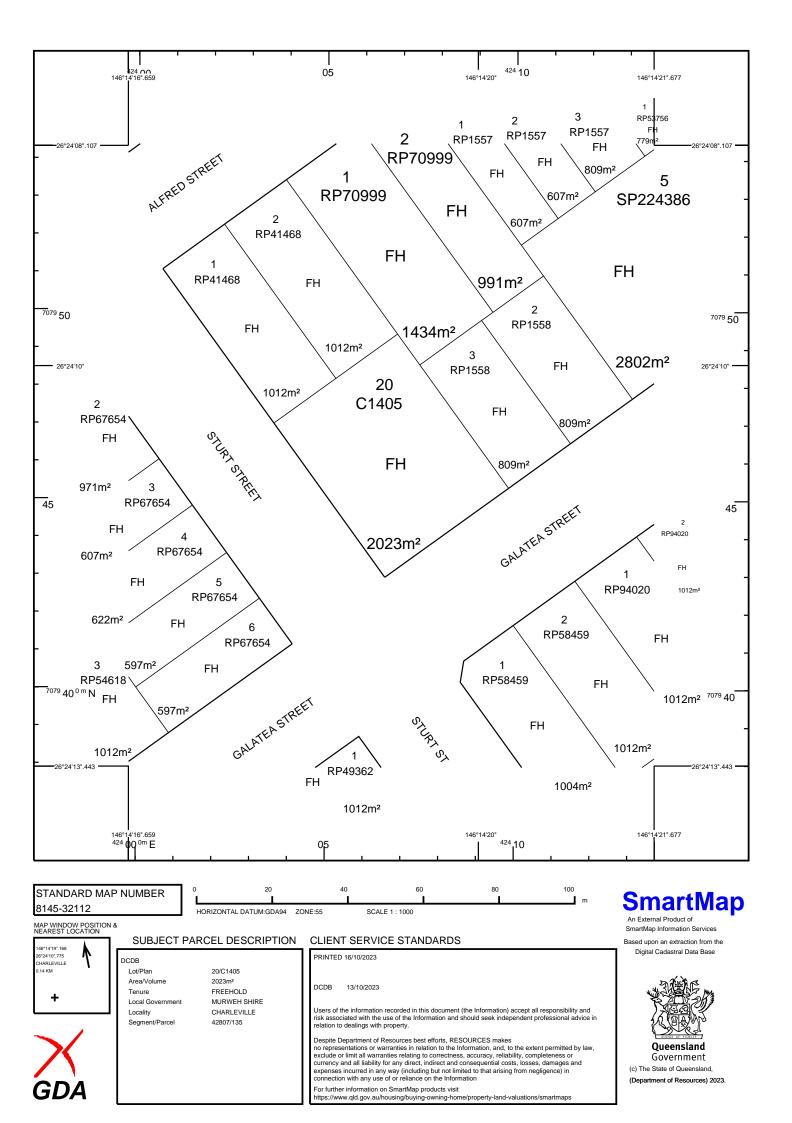
#### ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

#### UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

\*\* End of Current Title Search \*\*





ATTACHMENT D - PROPOSAL PLANS

# 71 GALATEA STREET

# NEALE MCSHANE



#### DRAWING REGISTER

1	SITE LOCALITY PLAN	D
2	EXISTING SITE PLAN	D
3	SITE DEMOLITION PLAN	D
4	PROPOSED SITE PLAN	D
5	CARWASH FLOOR PLAN	D
6	VAC BAY FLOOR PLAN	D
7	ELEVATIONS	D
8	ELEVATIONS	D
9	SECTIONS	D
10	3D VIEWS	D
11	3D VIEWS	D
12	TURNING PATHS	D

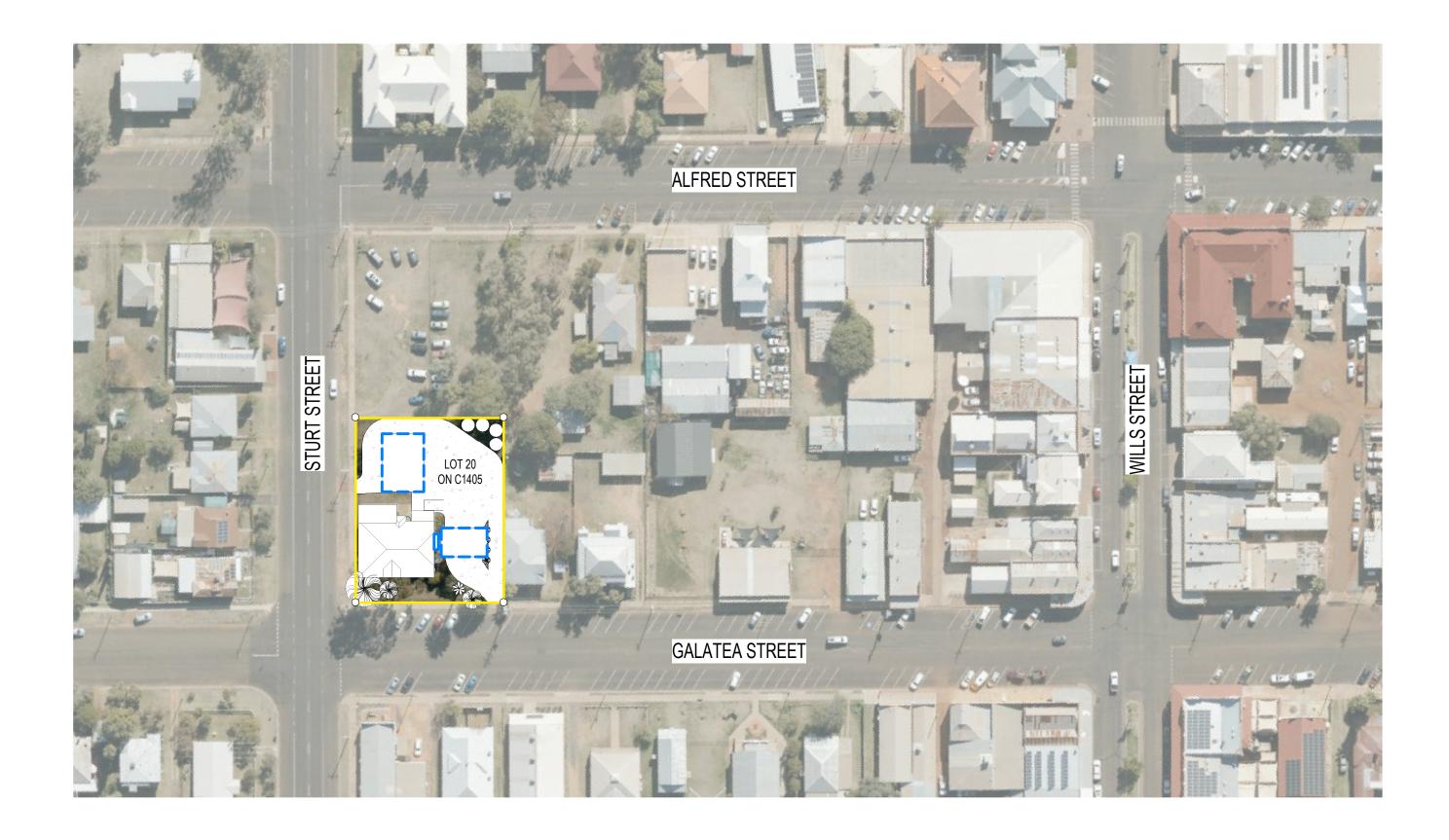
#### **DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY**

71 GALATEA STREET, CHARLEVILLE QLD, 4470 LOT 20 ON C1405 SITE AREA: 2023m<sup>2</sup>

PROPOSED CARWASH, 71 GALATEA STREET



DESIGN

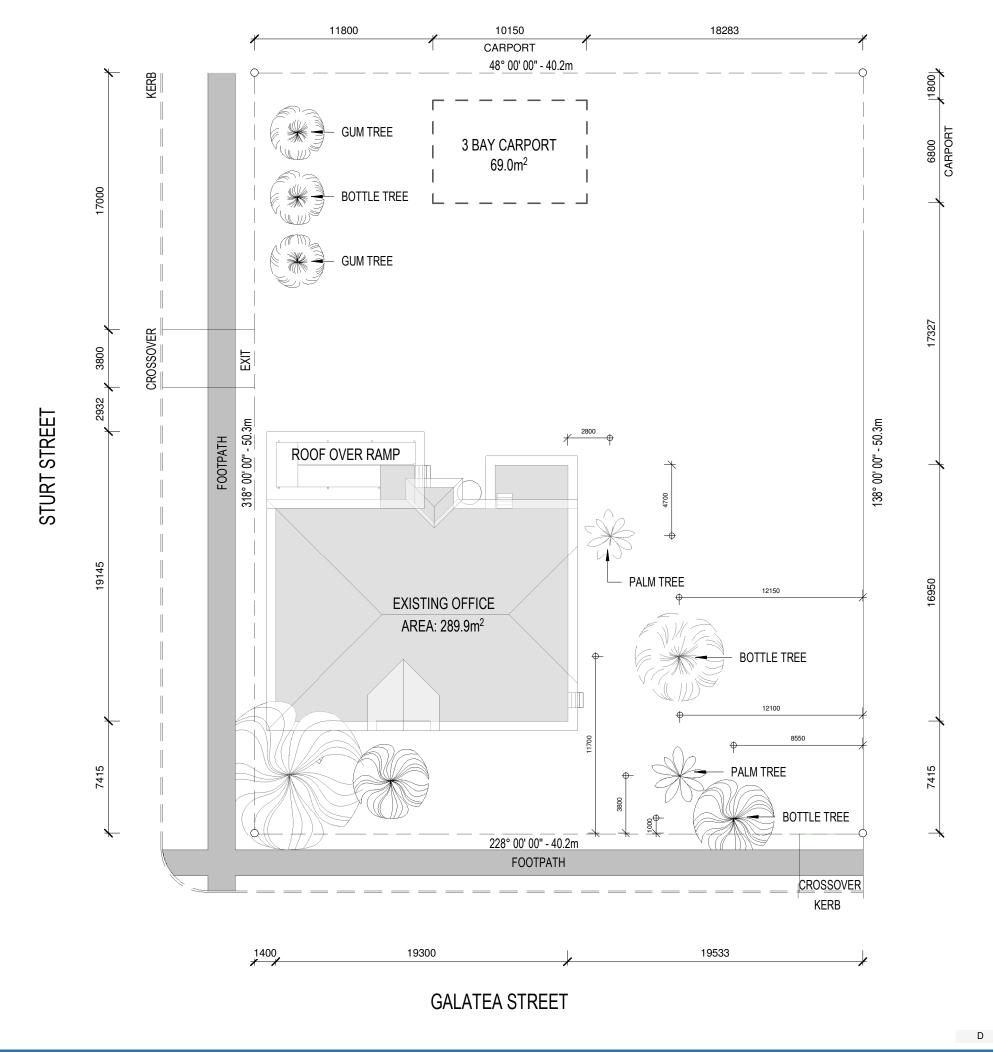






16-01-23 J.M.P

D

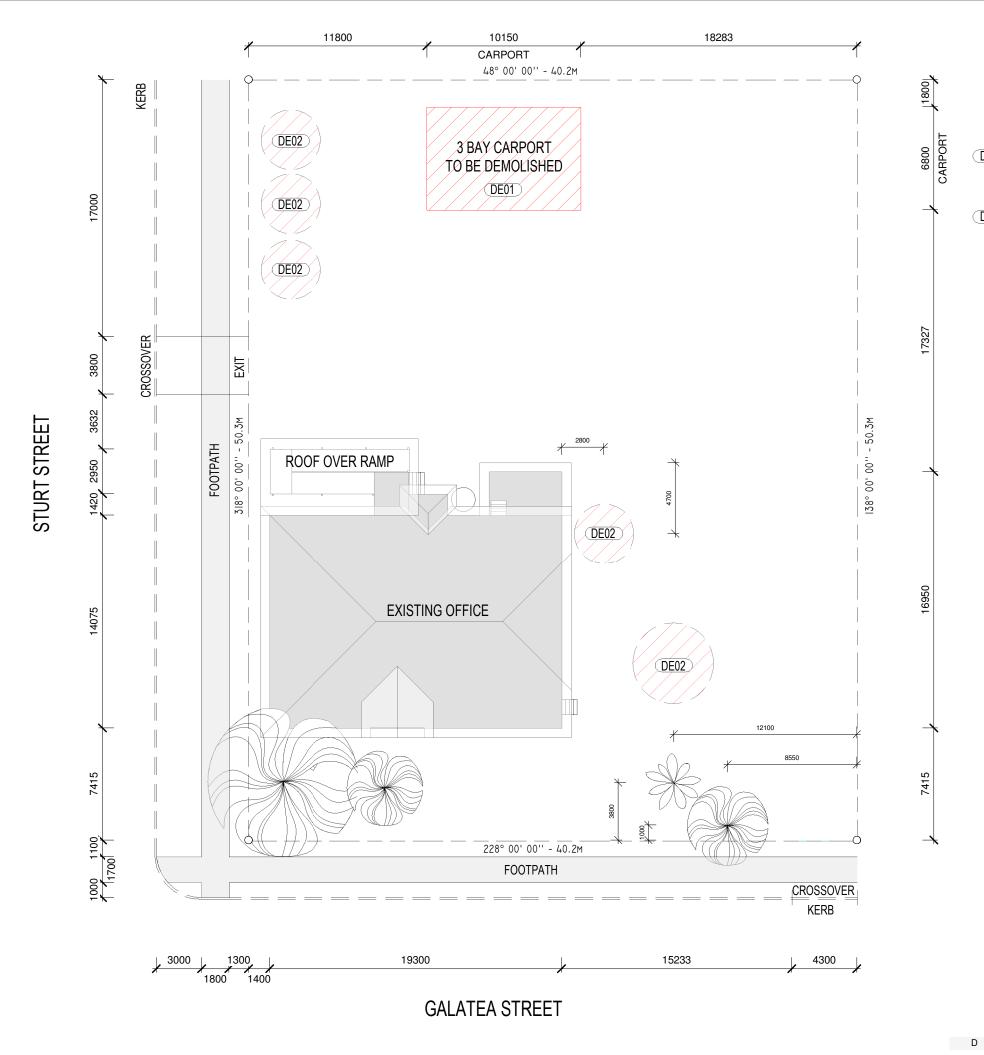


PROPERTY DESCRIPTION LOT 20 ON C1405 SITE AREA = 2023M<sup>2</sup>

16-01-23 J.M.P BUILDING DESIGN

JOB No. 20220089

LEGEND - SITE DEMOLITION TO BE DEMOLISHED



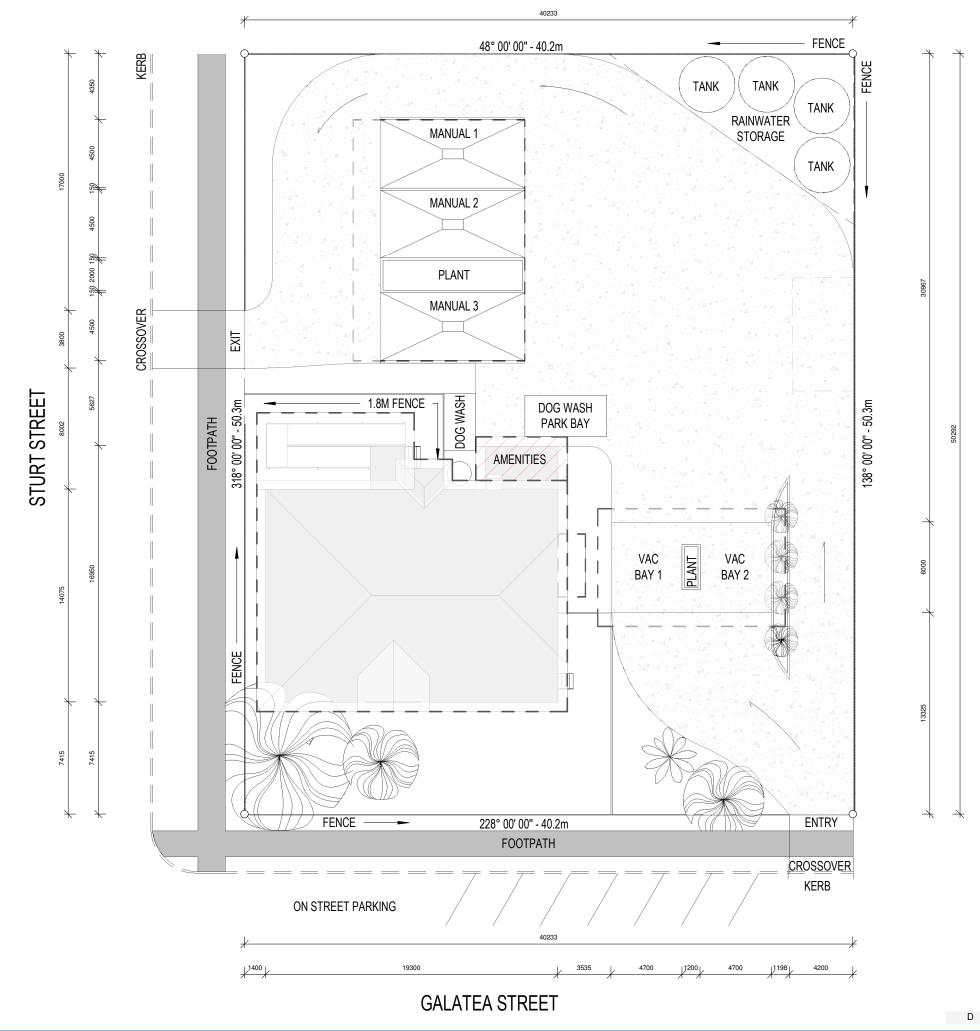
**DEMOLITION LEGEND** 

(DE01) EXISTING 3 BAY CARPORT TO BE REMOVED IN ENTIRETY, INCLUDING FOOTINGS AND BELOW-GROUND STRUCTURE

(DE02) INDICATED TREES TO BE REMOVED AND DESTUMPED

> PROPERTY DESCRIPTION LOT 20 ON C1405 SITE AREA = 2023M<sup>2</sup>

16-01-23 J.M.P



#### **EXISTING AREAS**

OFFICE - 289.1M<sup>2</sup> DECK - 6.5M<sup>2</sup> UNDERCOVER RAMP - 23.4M<sup>2</sup> TOTAL EXISTING - 319.0M<sup>2</sup>

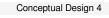
#### PROPOSED AREAS

CAR WASH - 154.5M<sup>2</sup> VAC BAY - 60.0M<sup>2</sup> VENDING MACHINE BLOCK - 7.6M<sup>2</sup> TOTAL PROPOSED - 222.1M<sup>2</sup>

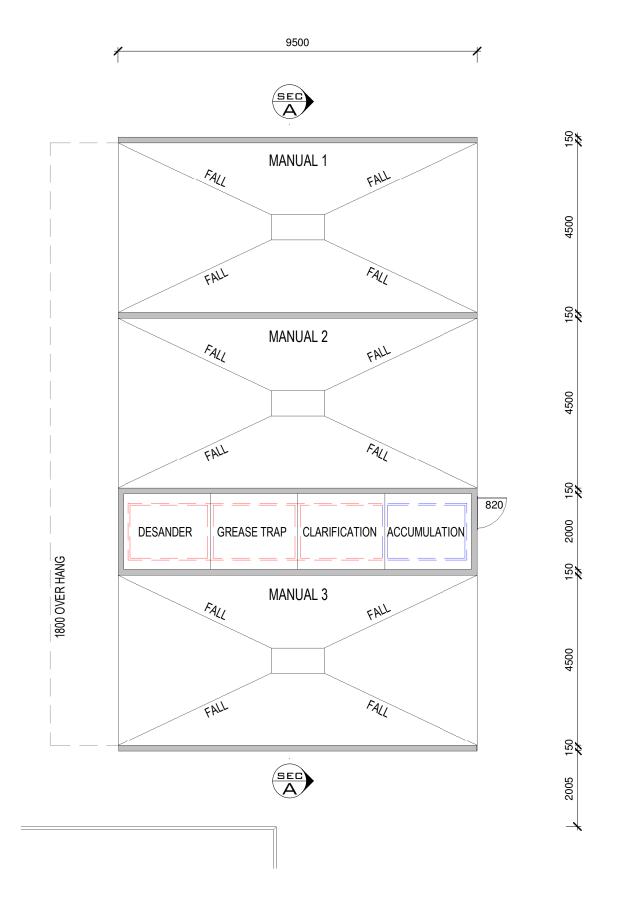
TOTAL AREAS - 541.1M<sup>2</sup>

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

LOT 20 ON C1405 SITE AREA =  $2023M^2$ 



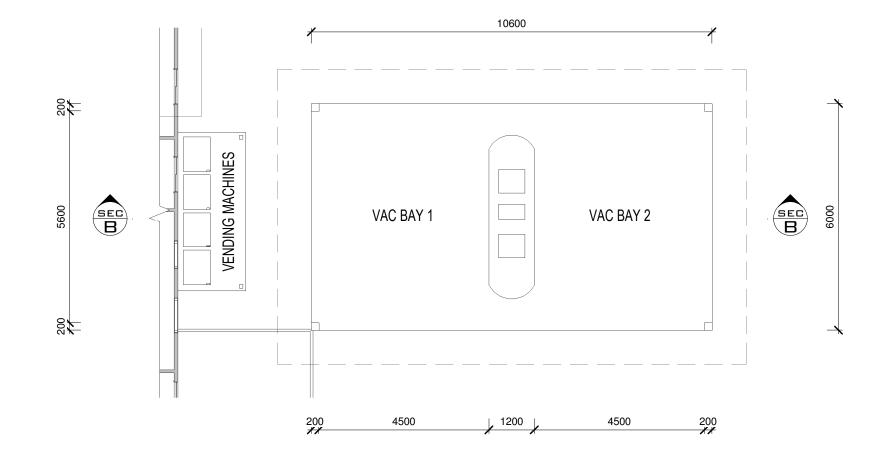






PROPOSED CARWASH, 71 GALATEA STREET

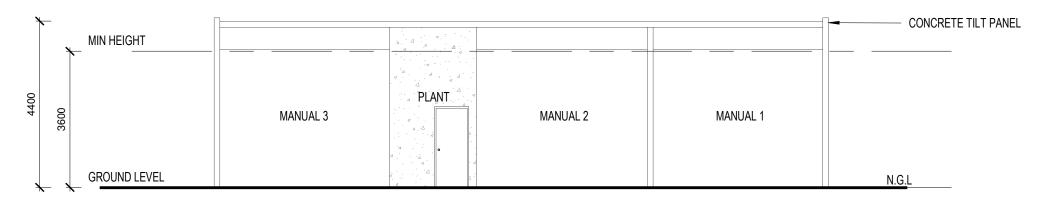






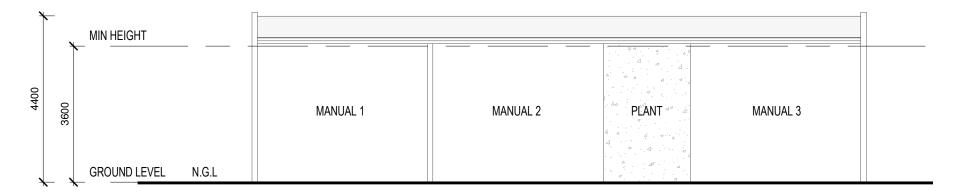


VAC BAY FLOOR PLAN



## CARWASH EAST ELEVATION

SCALE 1:100



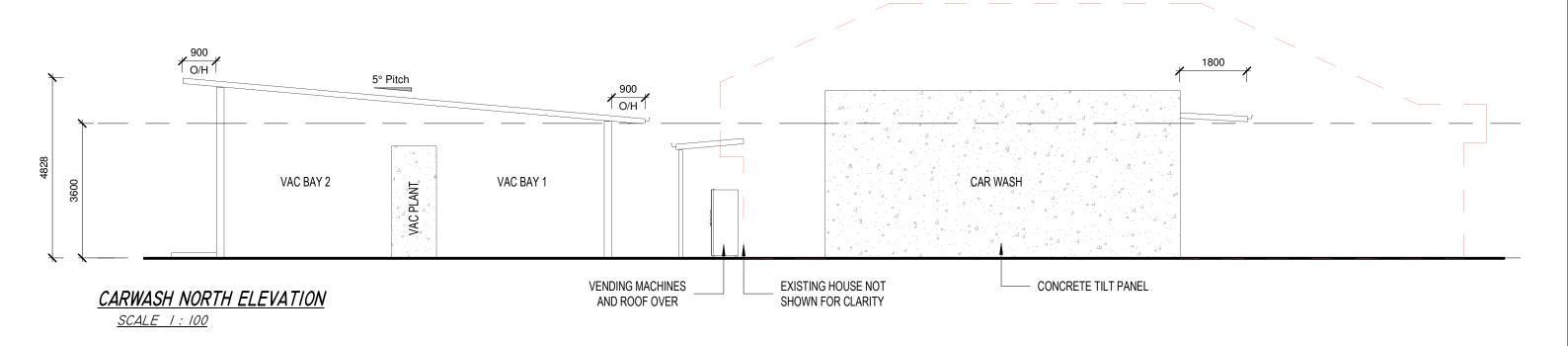
1:100

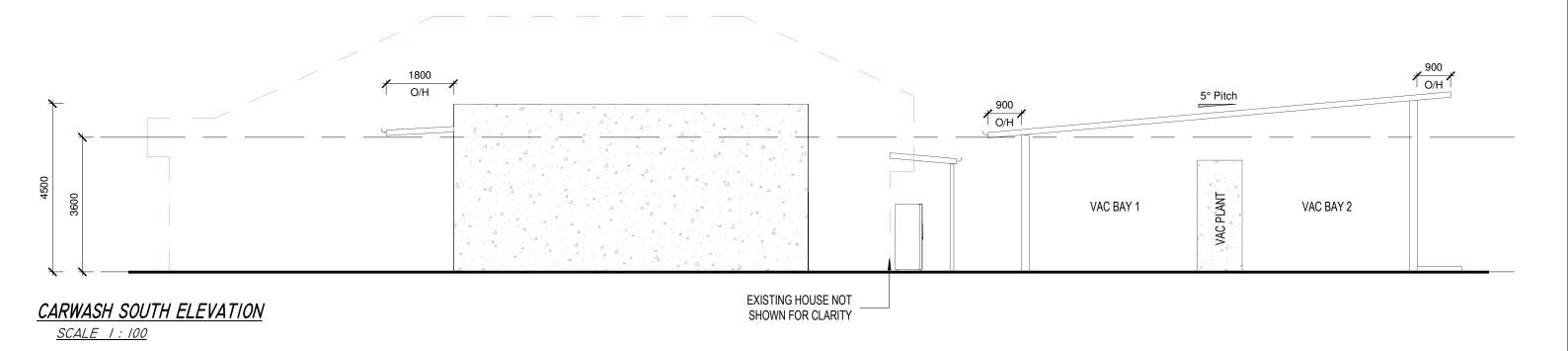
CARWASH WEST ELEVATION

SCALE 1:100



BUILDING DESIGN

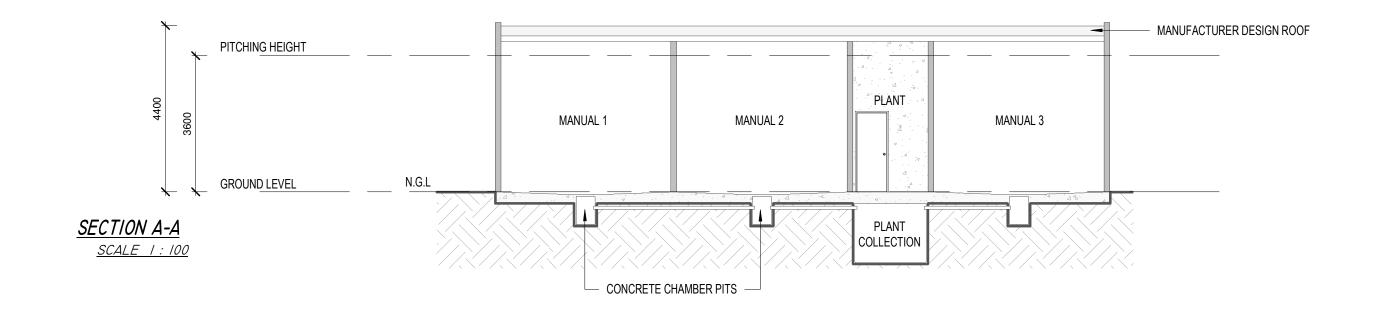


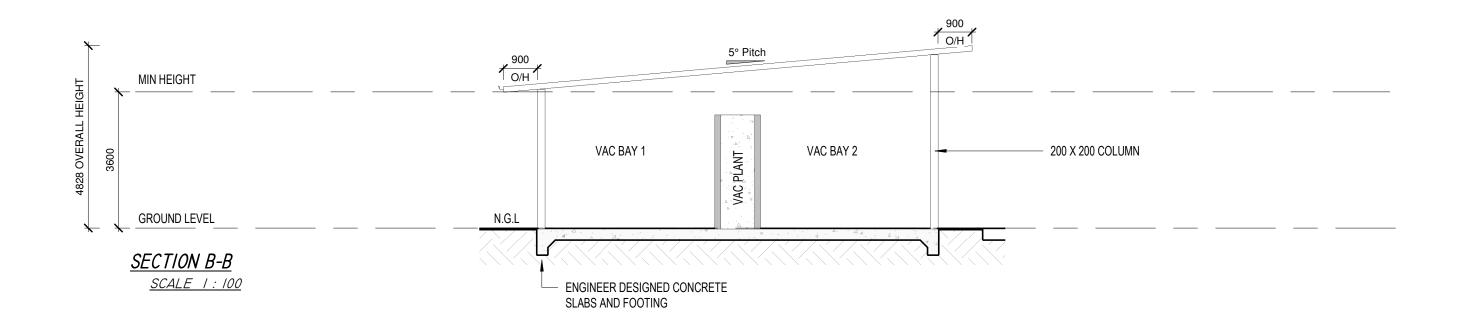


1:100









1:100



BUILDING DESIGN

D





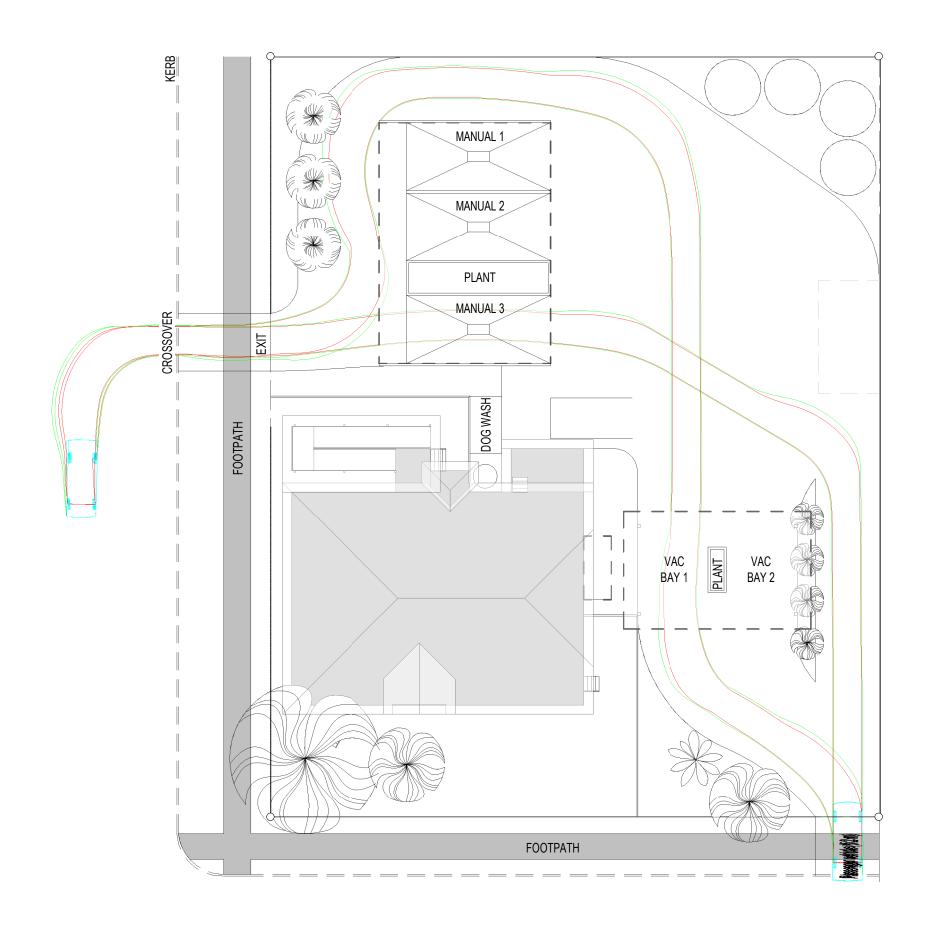
JOB NO. 20220089







3D VIEWS



JOB NO. 20220089





Conceptual Design 4 16-01-23 J.M.P

D



ATTACHMENT E – TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT







# 71 GALATEA STREET, CHARLEVILLE

**Traffic Impact Assessment** 

DATE
11 July 2023
REF
R018-22-23
CLIENT
Neale McShane

COMMERCIAL IN CONFIDENCE

Contact Information
McMurtrie Consulting Engineers Pty Ltd ABN 25 634 181 294
North Rockhampton
www.mcmengineers.com (07) 4921 1780
mail@mcmengineers.com

Document Information						
Prepared for Neale McShane						
Document Name	Traffic Impact Assessment					
Job Reference	R018-22-23					
Revision	1					

Document History									
Revision	Date	Description of Revision	Prepared by	Approved by					
				Name	Signature	RPEQ No			
1	30/06/2023	DRAFT	Chris Hewitt	Chris Hewitt					
1	11/07/2023	FINAL	Chris Hewitt	Chris Hewitt					

NOTE - It is acknowledged that there may be some minor discrepancies between the architectural layouts provided in this report and the associated architectural documentation. Whilst not ideal, the minor layout discrepancies should form no material impact to the proposed development from an engineering assessment perspective. Conservative engineering principals have been applied to the afforded earthworks areas, stormwater intent and servicing. As such, any concern should be suitable for conditioning as part of the detailed design process (i.e. finalised in Operational Works stage).

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## Contents

1	Int	roduction	4
	1.1	Background	4
	1.2	References	4
2	Sit	e Environs	5
	2.1	Subject Site	5
	2.2	Road Network	7
	2.3	Integrated Transport Infrastructure	8
	2.4	Background Traffic Volumes	9
3	De	velopment Proposal	10
	3.1	Land Uses	10
	3.2	Vehicle Access	10
	3.3	Car Parking	10
	3.4	Pedestrian and Cyclist Facilities	10
4	Ca	r Parking Supply and Design	12
5	Tra	affic Impact	15
6	Ac	cess and mobility management	16
	6.1	Access Location and Design	16
	6.2	Provision for Pedestrians	19
	6.3	Provision for Bicycles and End of Trip Facilities	19
7	Pre	ovision for Heavy Vehicles	19
	7.1	Heavy Vehicle Access and Manoeuvring	19
	7.2	Provision for Servicing	19
8	Sat	fety	21
	8.1	Crash Data Evaluation	21
	8.2	Sight Distance Assessment	21
9	Co	nclusions and Recommendations	23
Αį	pend	ix A: Traffic Data	24
	A-1: 7	Fraffic Census Data	25
Αį	pend	ix B: Response to State Codes	28
	B-1: I	Response to State Code 1	29
	B-2: I	Response to State Code 6	48

### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

McMurtrie Consulting Engineers (MCE) have been engaged by Neale McShane to prepare a Traffic Impact Assessment for its proposed car wash located in Charleville.

This report forms part of a Development Application to be lodged with the Murweh Shire Council (MSC).

The following issues have been addressed as part of the study:

- Assessment of suitability of internal arrangements;
- Site access arrangements;
- Provision for service vehicles;
- Provision for safe access by cyclists and pedestrians;
- Potential impact upon the local road network.

The subject site is adjacent to the State transport corridor, therefore the Department of Transport and Main Roads (DTMR) will act as a referral agency for the application. Responses to State Codes 1 and 6 are provided in the Appendix.

#### 1.2 References

In preparing this report, reference has been made to the following:

- Shire of Murweh Planning Scheme;
- Queensland Globe Database (Online);
- Australian / New Zealand Standard, Parking Facilities, Part 1: Off-Street Car parking AS / NZS 2890.1:2004;
- Australian / New Zealand Standard, Parking Facilities, Part 2: Off-Street Commercial Vehicle Facilities AS/ NZS 2890.2:2018;
- Australian / New Zealand Standard, Parking Facilities, Part 6: Off-Street Parking for People with a Disability AS/ NZS 2890.6:2009;
- Austroads Guide to Road Design;
- Austroads Guide to Road Safety;
- Other documents and data as referenced in the report.

## 2 Site Environs

#### 2.1 Subject Site

As shown in Figure 2.1, the subject site is located at the northern corner of the Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection with Sturt Street along the western boundary and Galatea Street along the southern. The site is formally identified as Lot 20 on C1405 and has an area of approximately 2,000m². As shown in Figure 2.2, the site is located within the Township zone and Commercial precinct under the Shire of Murweh Planning Scheme and abuts State transport route (Sturt Street).

The site consists of a building previously occupied by Charleville Medical Centre. It is intended that such will remain to facilitate potential future uses.

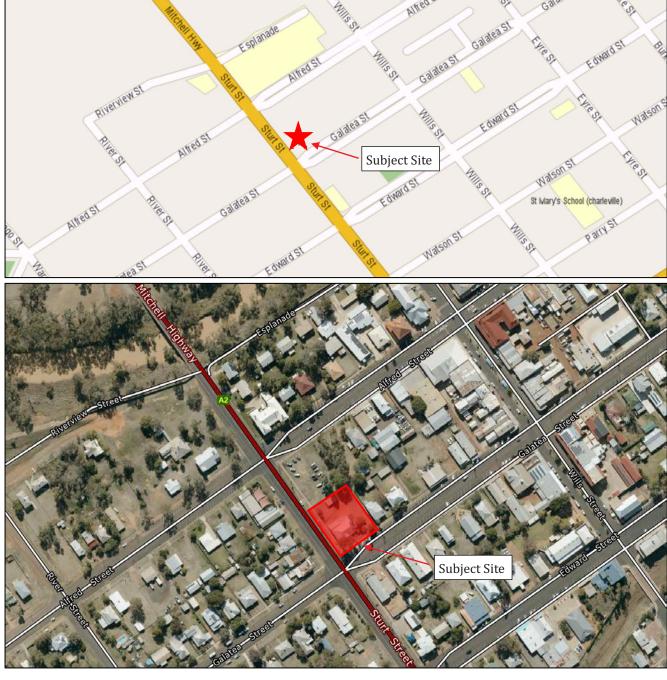


Figure 2.1: Location of subject site

[Source: Web Street Directory and QLD Globe]

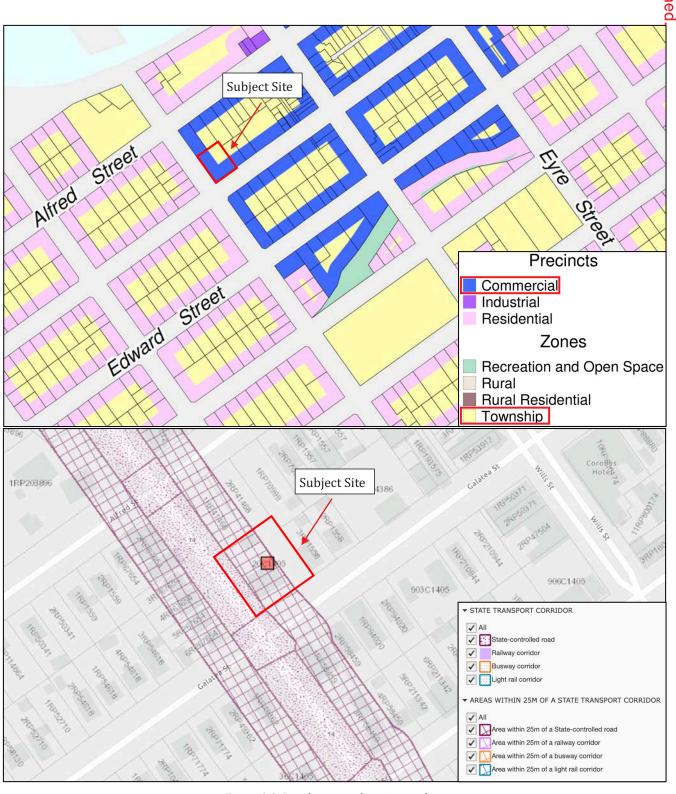


Figure 2.2: Development planning overlays [Source: MSC Planning Scheme & DAMS Mapping]

#### 2.2 Road Network

As identified in Figure 2.2, the site is adjacent to Sturt Street (Mitchell Highway) along the western frontage, which forms part of the State controlled network. Galatea Street is under the jurisdiction of the local Council and has a collector road function along the frontage of the site.

As mentioned, Sturt Street is a State-controlled road and has an arterial function adjacent to the site. Sturt Street forms part of the Mitchell Highway, running through Charleville. Along the frontage of the site, Sturt Street comprises of an undivided carriageway with a single lane in each direction of travel, with parking lane provided on both sides. At the proximity of the site Sturt Street is subject to a posted speed limit of 60 km/hr

Galatea Street is a two-lane undivided roadway providing east west connection in Charleville. Galatea Street provides angled parking between Sturt Street and Eyre Street and generally allows kerbside parking along both sides. Assumed speed limit of Galatea Street is 50 km/h.

Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection is a four-way priority controlled intersection with Sturt Street forming the primary movement. Street view images of Sturt Street and Galatea Street along the frontage of the site are shown in Figures 2.3 and 2.4, with an aerial image of the Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection shown in Figure 2.5.





Figure 2.3: Sturt Street along the frontage of the site [Source: Google Street View]





Figure 2.4: Galatea Street along the frontage of the site [Source: Google Street View]



Figure 2.5: Areal image of the Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection [Source: QLD Globe]

### 2.3 Integrated Transport Infrastructure

#### 2.3.1 Public Transport

There are no public transport facilities in the comfortable walking distance from the subject site.

#### 2.3.2 Pedestrian and Cyclist Infrastructure

There is a pedestrian footpath provided along each frontage of the site that connects to the wider Charleville pedestrian network.

There are no formal bicycle facilities in the proximity of the subject site.

#### 2.4 **Background Traffic Volumes**

Background traffic volumes were sourced from the Queensland Government Open Data Portal. The annual average daily traffic volumes (AADT) recorded in 2021 (Site 40196) indicate that Sturt Street is subject to 1,326 daily vehicle movements, with an average 5 year background traffic growth of approximately 3%. As shown in Figure 2.6, the location of the traffic survey is approximately 300 metres north of the site, on the fringe of the Charleville township.

The segment report data for year 2020 for the same site is provided as Appendix A.

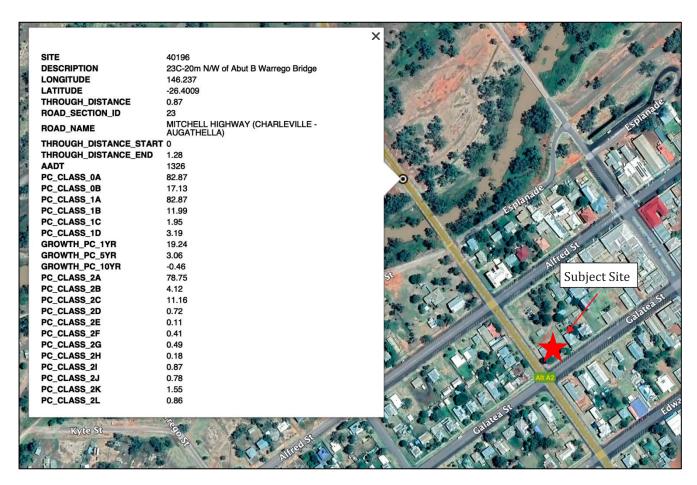


Figure 2.6: 2021 AADT on Sturt Street [Source: Google Earth]

## 3 Development Proposal

#### 3.1 Land Uses

The proposed plan of development is for a manual carwash with ancillary uses (dog wash, vacuum facilities). The proposal will occupy the vacant land over the existing lot to the north of the existing medical centre.

The proposal comprises of a Gross Floor Area (GFA) of 222.1 m<sup>2</sup>, consisting of the following areas:

Car Wash:  $154.5 \text{ m}^2$  Vacuum Bay:  $60 \text{ m}^2$  Vending Machine Block:  $7.6 \text{ m}^2$  TOTAL:  $222.1 \text{ m}^2$ 

The Gross Floor Area (GFA) of the existing medical centre is as follows:

Office:  $289.1 \text{ m}^2$  Deck:  $6.5 \text{ m}^2$  Undercover Ramp:  $23.4 \text{ m}^2$  **TOTAL:**  $319 \text{ m}^2$ 

A plan of the proposed development is shown in Figure 3.1.

#### 3.2 Vehicle Access

Access to the site is proposed to be gained via both frontages, with ingress gained from Galatea Street and egress onto Sturt Street. It is proposed that the Sturt Street crossover will be provided at the approximate location of the existing access, with a new crossover proposed off Galatea Street at the eastern end of the frontage.

#### 3.3 Car Parking

Given the nature of the proposed use, formal parking is not proposed to be provided, with the facility allowing 3 x wash bays and 2 vacuum bays with capacity for queuing on the approach to each facility.

#### 3.4 Pedestrian and Cyclist Facilities

A separate pedestrian access is proposed to be provided to the medical centre along the frontage of Sturt Street, clear of the vehicular crossover. Given the function of the proposed facility (car wash), formal pedestrian access is not considered to be required with occasional access by pedestrians proposed to be facilitated along the driveway.

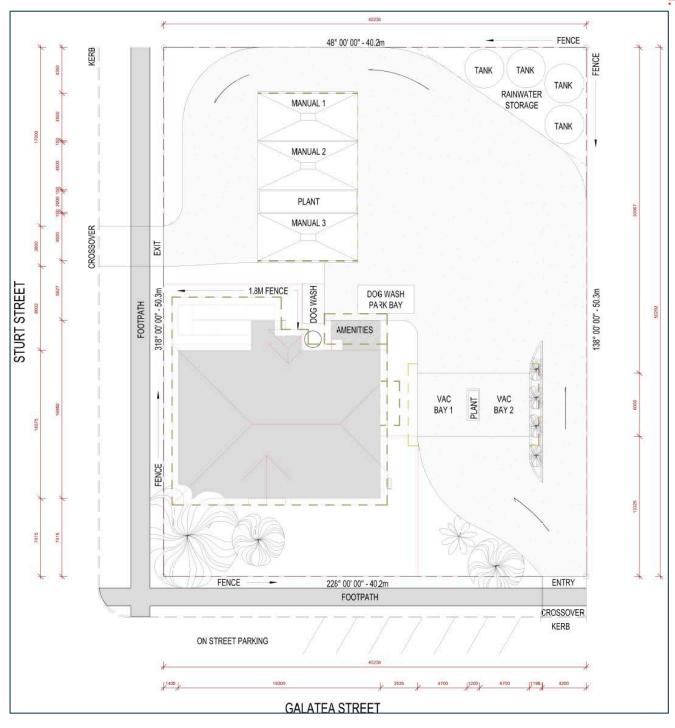


Figure 3.1: Proposed plan of development

## 4 Car Parking Supply and Design

Reference is made of Table 7.3.1.2 in Part 7 - Development Codes of the Shire of Murweh Planning Scheme, where car parking requirements are stipulated for various uses frequently assessed by Council. It is noted that a specific outcome for the proposed use is not included in the Planning Scheme, however reference is made to Table 5.3 of the Austroads Guide to Traffic Management - Part 11: Parking Management Techniques, with the following rate identified for a motor vehicle wash facility:

Motor Vehicle Wash: Three (3) spaces per car wash bay, plus

One (1) space per 30m<sup>2</sup> net administration area

It is noted that the proposal is for a manual car wash facility intended to be operated by the user, with little to no assistance from staff. On this basis, it is considered that a requirement for formal parking is not warranted, with the proposal allowing minimum capacity for three cars per wash bay and two cars per vacuum bay clear of the circulation aisle. It is noted that a vehicle is able to park adjacent to the dog wash facility without impeding on vehicle circulation or access to individual facilities.

Based on the above, it is considered that the proposed arrangements will satisfactorily provide for the operational and traffic demand generated by the site.

A dimensioned plan of the proposed facilities is provided in Figure 4.1, with swept paths for a B99 design vehicle negotiating the proposed arrangements shown in Figure 4.2. As shown, appropriate access and circulation is achieved for the design vehicle in accordance with AS2890.1:2004.



Figure 4.1: Dimensioned internal arrangements

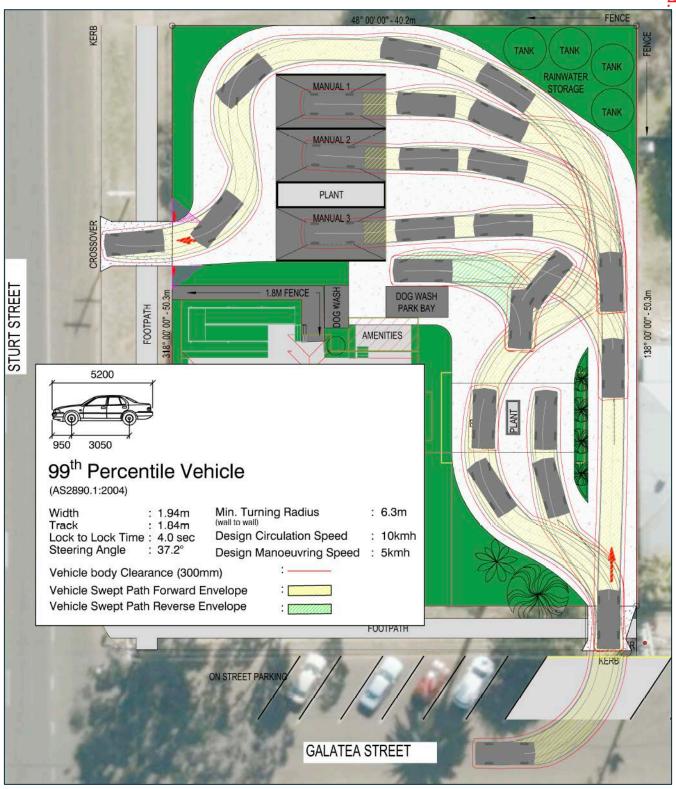


Figure 4.2: Swept path of 99th percentile vehicle manoeuvring

## 5 Traffic Impact

The Department of Transport and Main Roads Road Planning and Design Manual (RPDM) does not stipulate a traffic generation rate for a car wash facility. It is therefore common to determine the traffic generation against studies of similar uses or on a 'first principles' basis.

Based on the above, reference is made to a study of existing wash facilities commissioned by the Roads and Maritime Services (RMS) in December 2019 (Trip Generation Survey Data Report - Project No. P4001: Surveys of Car Wash and Café's). The study includes 15 sites, of which 10 are within the Sydney area and five (5) considered to be in regional areas within NSW. Based on the data provided in the study, four of the sites surveyed are considered to be comparable to the subject development based on their location. As demonstrated below in Table 5.1, these indicate an average traffic generation of 3.7 trips and 4.3 trips per wash bay per morning and afternoon peak hour respectively.

Table 5.1: Car wash trip estimates (2019 RMS Study)

Site #	Develop ment AM Peak	Develop ment PM Peak	Frontage Access Road AM Peak*	Frontage Access Road PM Peak*	Daily Vehicle Trips	AM Peak Hour Trips per 100m <sup>2</sup> Site Area	PM Peak Hour Trips per 100m <sup>2</sup> Site Area	AM Trips per Car Wash Bay	PM Trips per Car Wash Bay	AM Trips per Parking Space	PM Trips per Parking Space	AM Trips per 100 veh on Frontage Access Road	PM Trips per 100 veh on Frontage Access Road
1	8:45 AM	11:45 AM	11:00 AM	12:00 PM	514	2.8	3.2	12.8	14.3	5.1	5.7	8.9	4.0
2	10:00 AM	12:15 PM	7:30 AM	3:15 PM	163	1.7	1.7	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.4	0.9	0.8
3	10:30 AM	12:30 PM	8:15 AM	3:45 PM	112	2.0	2.4	3.8	4.5	3.8	4.5	2.4	2.8
4	10:45 AM	2:15 PM	8:00 AM	5:00 PM	206	3.2	3.4	6.0	6.4	7.5	8.0	1.6	1.5
5	11:00 AM	3:15 PM	9:00 AM	3:00 PM	102	2.1	3.5	4.7	7.7	2.0	3.3	4.0	5.1
Б	9:30 AM	11:30 AM	7:45 AM	3:30 PM	274	3.4	2.0	14.3	8.5	2.5	1.5	3.7	2.2
7	9:00 AM	11:45 AM	10:45 AM	2:30 PM	55	1.5	1.0	3.0	2.0	2.4	1.6	0.3	0.2
8	10:30 AM	2:30 PM	11:00 AM	1:30 PM	83	1.1	1.4	2.8	3.5	2.8	3.5	0.4	0.6
9	10:45 AM	2:00 PM	8:00 AM	3:30 PM	249	3.2	3.5	5.7	6.2	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.4
10	11:30 AM	1:00 PM	8:00 AM	3:15 PM	99	1.3	2.9	2.8	6.0	3.7	8.0	0.6	1.3
11	10:15 AM	2:30 PM	8:15 AM	3:00 PM	285	2.6	3.3	2.9	3.7	13.0	16.5	1.5	1.6
12	10:30 AM	12:45 PM	9:15 AM	3:45 PM	119	2.3	2.0	3.4	3.0	4.0	3.5	1.2	1.0
13	8:45 AM	12:00 PM	8:15 AM	3:00 PM	48	1.1	8.0	2.0	1.5	3.0	2.3	1.4	1.1
14	10:30 AM	1:30 PM	8:00 AM	3:30 PM	174	2.3	2.5	4.2	4.7	2.5	2.8	0.7	0.7
15	10:30 AM	12:30 PM	8:00 AM	4:00 PM	72	1.1	1.2	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.7	0.4	0.4

Frontage Traffic Traffic fronting a purveyed gite that has the ability to access that site (i.e. where a median exists in the frontage road only one-way traffic volumes are applied unless otherwise states

Further to the above, assessment of first principles estimates a capacity of approximately 4 trips per wash bay per peak hour assuming that an automated car wash typically runs a 5 - 10 minute cycle per vehicle, with manual washes expected to generate a lower service rate, generally in the order of 15 minutes per wash.

As demonstrated above, the estimated traffic generation between the surveyed demand and first principles method is comparable. For the purposes of the analysis the higher trip generation, of the average rate from the RMS study has been adopted, estimating a development traffic demand in the order of 12 - 13 trips per peak hour as follows:

Table 5.2 - Estimated development traffic generation

Component	Morning F	Iorning Peak Hour			Afternoon Peak Hour			
	In	Out Total		In	Out	Total		
Car wash - manual	6	6	12 (11.1 trips)	6	7	13 (12.9) trips		
(3 x wash bays)								

Peak Hour distribution: AM: 50/50 PM: 50/50

Given the small change in traffic conditions and relatively low increase in background demand it is considered that the resultant impact will be negligible and a further assessment of impacts is not considered to be warranted.

## 6 Access and mobility management

#### 6.1 Access Location and Design

The proposal provides separate entry and exit access points. Ingress is proposed to be gained off Galatea Street, at an approximate location of a previously decommissioned access point (Figure 6.3). Egress is proposed off Sturt Street at an approximate location of the current vehicular access. Both crossovers will be reconstructed to conform with the current design standards and requirements.

The location of each access in the context of the adjacent road network is shown in Figures 6.1, with detailed design of each crossover shown in Figures 6.2 - 6.5. It is noted that three (3) parking spaces are proposed to be removed to facilitate the access of Galatea Street, with parking restriction (yellow line or signage) proposed to be implemented to ensure that the access to the site is not blocked.

As shown in Figure 6.4, a sight splay is proposed to be provided on each side of the crossover off Sturt Street. Such is proposed to be provided in accordance with AS2890.1:2004, ensuring that appropriate view lines are maintained between a driver exiting the site and pedestrian along the frontage of the development.



Figure 6.1: Proposed access design

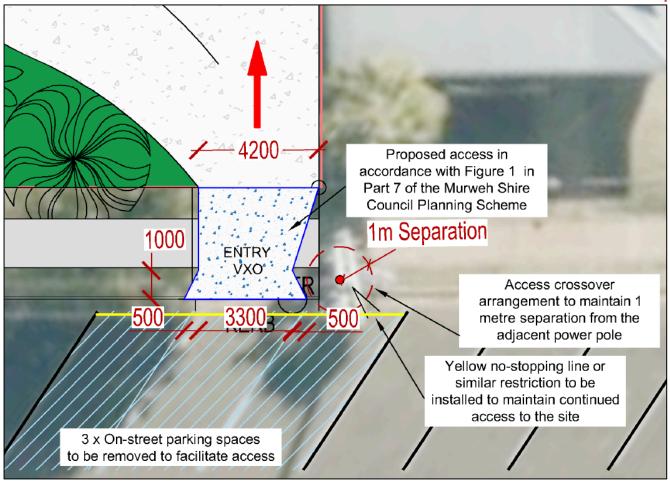


Figure 6.2: DETAIL A - Detailed Galatea Street entry crossover design

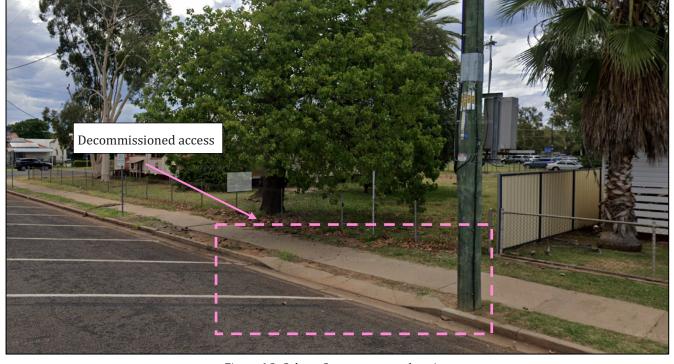


Figure 6.3: Galatea Street crossover location [Source: Google Street View]

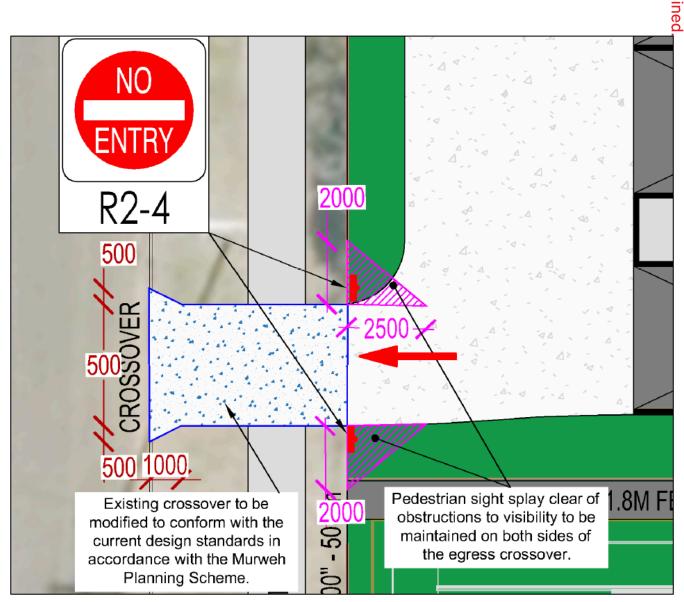


Figure 6.4: DETAIL B - Detailed Sturt Street exit crossover design

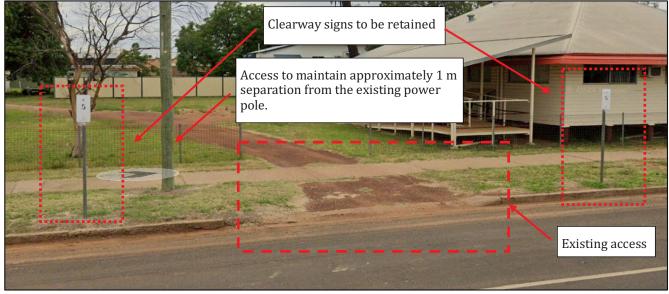


Figure 6.5: Sturt Street crossover location [Source: Google Street View]

#### 6.2 Provision for Pedestrians

Given the proposed use, no pedestrian facilities are considered to be necessary to specifically provide access to the car wash. However, it is proposed that a separate access for pedestrians be provided for the medical centre building from the Sturt Street frontage clear of the vehicular crossover.

#### 6.3 Provision for Bicycles and End of Trip Facilities

There is no bicycle parking rate prescribed in the Shire of Murweh Planning Scheme. Given the nature of the proposed use, a demand for cyclist is not expected. On this basis, the proposal does not provide any formal facilities for bicycle parking.

## 7 Provision for Heavy Vehicles

#### 7.1 Heavy Vehicle Access and Manoeuvring

The Shire of Murweh Planning Scheme does not stipulate a requirement for service vehicles for the proposed use. It is noted that the site does not require large service vehicles to enter the development with servicing of the site generally expected to consist of routine maintenance and restocking of on-site amenities. On this basis, it is considered that servicing of the site will generally occur by light vehicles and vans, however as shown in Figure 7.1 provision is made for a Small Rigid Vehicle (SRV) to circulate through the site.

#### 7.2 Provision for Servicing

Waste is proposed to be collected kerbside via Council or a private contractor, with the site not anticipated to generate a significant demand on the basis that the function of the facility does not require regular attendance by staff. It is proposed that a single wheelie bin be provided for each waste classification (general waste and recycling waste) and are to be placed kerbside on collection days by management.

Based on the above, it is considered that the proposal does not change the method of servicing for general and recycling waste from the site.



Figure 7.1: Small Rigid Vehicle (SRV) manoeuvring

## 8 Safety

#### 8.1 Crash Data Evaluation

Crash data sourced from Queensland Globe indicates that there were no incidents recorded along the frontage of the site or within 100 m of the Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection in the past five years (2017-2022).

#### 8.2 Sight Distance Assessment

A sight distance analysis for the proposed crossover of Sturt Street has been prepared in accordance with AS2890.1:2004, adopting a frontage speed environment of 60 km/hr. The analysis adopts the elevation profile derived from the Elvis - Elevation and Dept: Foundation Spatial Database and visual investigation using Google Street View.

Elevation data on each approach on Sturt Street is shown in Figure 8.1, with the sight distance analysis to the north and south of the proposed egress shown in Figure 8.2. As shown, Sturt Street provides a straight, level alignment and is not expected to limit view lines between a driver exiting the site and vehicles approaching from either direction on Sturt Street.

A detailed assessment of view lines is to be carried out during detailed civil design to ensure that vertical alignment between a driver and approaching vehicles is maintained.



Figure 8.1: Elevation data on Sturt Street

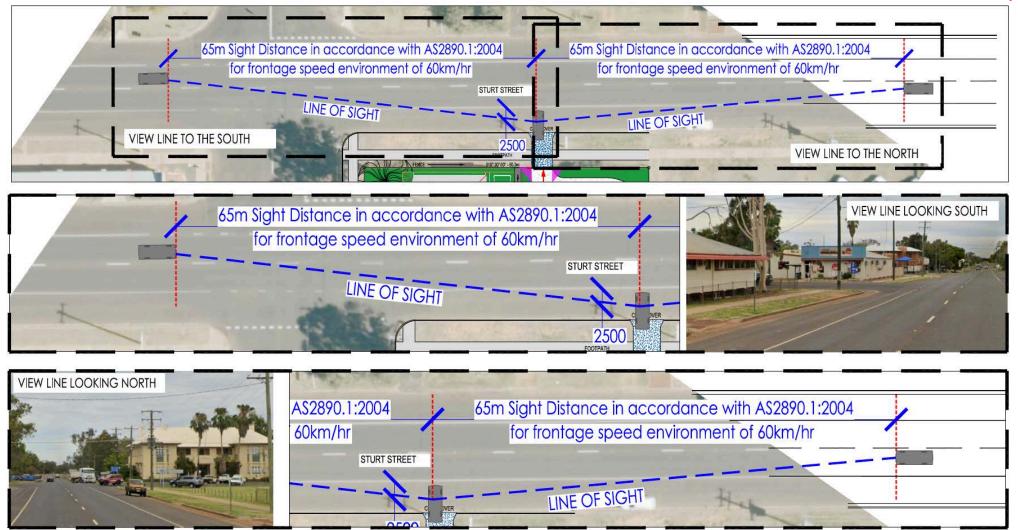


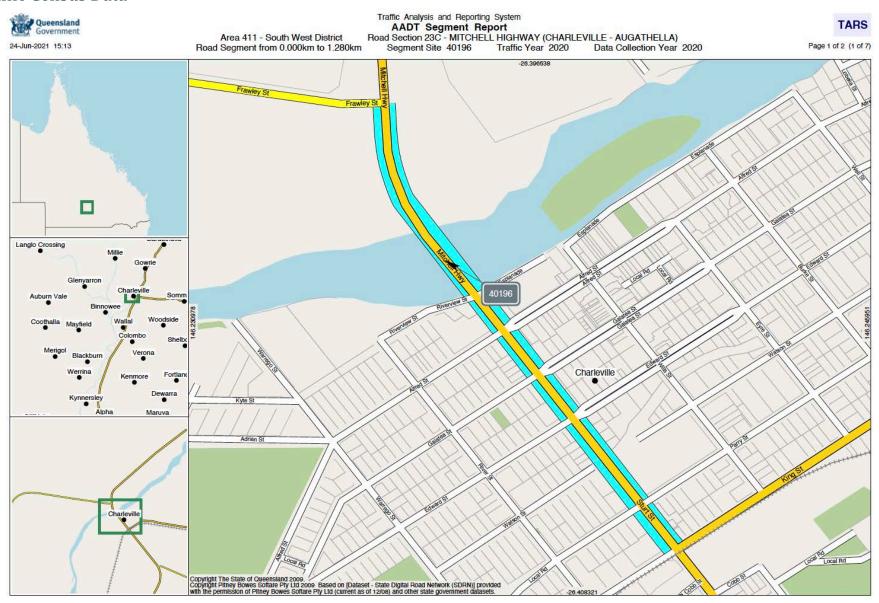
Figure 8.2: Sight Distance Analysis at egress off Sturt Street (AS2890.1:2004)

#### 9 Conclusions and Recommendations

- The subject site is located at the northern corner of the Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection. The site is currently occupied by a medical centre building and has an area of approximately 2,000 m<sup>2</sup>.
- The proposed plan of development is for a manual car wash facility, comprising of three (3) wash bays, two (2) vacuum bays and a dog wash facility. The proposed use will be accommodated on the vacant area north of the existing medical centre.
- As discussed in Section 4, the Shire of Murweh Planning Scheme does not stipulate a specific requirement for car parking for the proposed use. However, based on the specified demand determined in Austroads Guide to Traffic Management - Part 11, the proposal provides appropriate provision to accommodate the practical demand of the proposed development.
- As discussed in Section 5, based on survey of similar uses and first principles approach the site is estimated to generate a traffic demand of 12 13 trips during the morning and afternoon peak hour periods. Such is considered to be low in the context of the surrounding road network and is not expected to impact on the function and safety of the adjacent roads.
- The proposal provides access via both frontages, with a new crossover proposed to be provided at the approximate location of the access of Sturt Street and at the eastern end of the frontage off Galatea Street. It is proposed that the new crossovers be designed to the current design standards and a minimum separation of 1 metre achieved between the crossover and existing power pole.
- The proposal allows on-site servicing by the largest design vehicle with waste collection proposed to be retained as per the existing arrangements.
- Crash data sourced from Queensland Globe indicates that there were no incidents recorded along the frontage of the site or within 100 m of the Sturt Street / Galatea Street intersection in the past five years (2017-2022). As discussed in Section 8, satisfactory view lines are achieved at the proposed access off Sturt Street in accordance with AS2890.1:2004.

## Appendix A: Traffic Data

#### A-1: Traffic Census Data





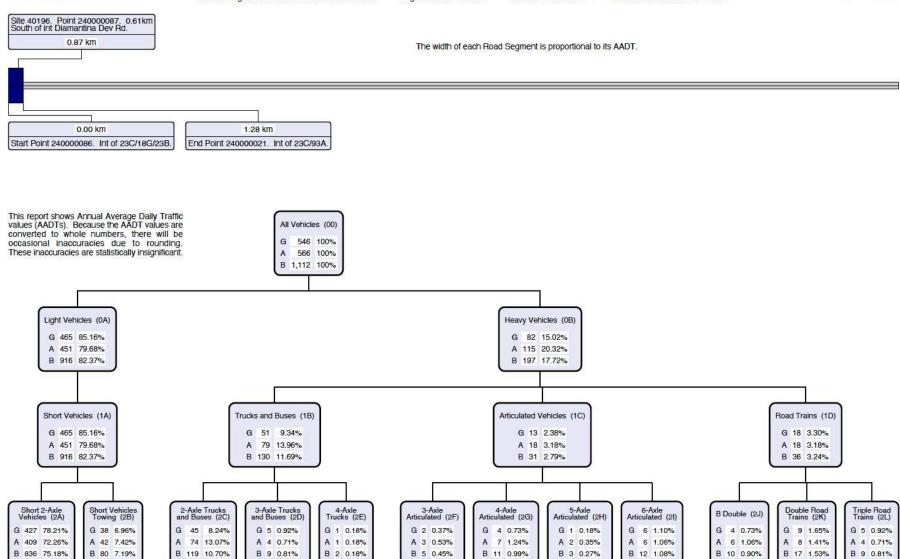
## Traffic Analysis and Reporting System AADT Segment Report

TARS

Area 411 - South West District Road Segment from 0.000km to 1.280km

Road Section 23C - MITCHELL HIGHWAY (CHARLEVILLE - AUGATHELLA)
Segment Site 40196 Traffic Year 2020 Data Collection Year 2020

Page 2 of 2 (2 of 7)





# Traffic Analysis and Reporting System Annual Volume Report

TARS

Page 2 of 3 (5 of 7)

24-Jun-2021 15:13

Area 411 - South West District

Road Section 23C - MITCHELL HIGHWAY (CHARLEVILLE - AUGATHELLA)

Site 40196 - 23C-20m N/W of Abut B Warrego Bridge

Thru Dist 0.87

Type C - Coverage

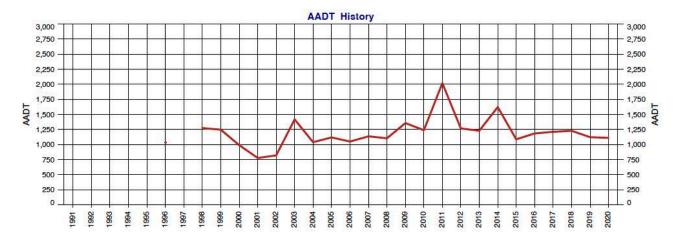
Stream TB - Bi-directional traffic flow

Year 2020 Growth last Year -0.98%

AADT 1,112 Growth last 5 Yrs -1.11%

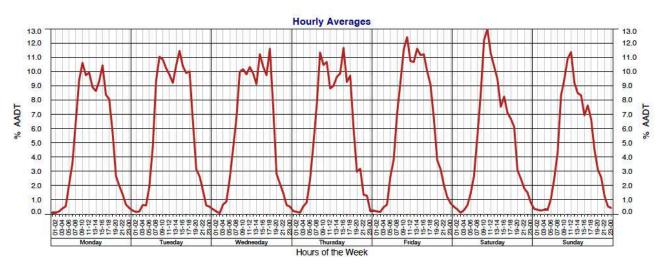
Avg Week Day 1,467 Growth last 10 Yrs -2.84%

Avg Weekend Day 1,278



Year	AADT	1-Year Growth	5-Year Growth	10-Year Growth
2020	1,112	-0.98%	-1.11%	-2.84%
2019	1,123	-8.62%	-3.77%	-2.81%
2018	1,229	1.40%	-1.20%	-1.09%
2017	1,212	2.28%	-1.66%	-0.92%
2016	1,185	8.92%	-6.32%	-0.69%
2015	1,088	-32.92%	-7.40%	-1.54%
2014	1,622	31.87%	3.85%	4.82%
2013	1,230	-3.00%	-1.63%	0.39%
2012	1,268	-37.23%	0.86%	1.94%
2011	2,020	63.03%	17.05%	10.18%
2010	1,239	-8.70%	2.88%	3.00%
2009	1,357	22.81%	6.43%	3.92%
2008	1,105	-2.81%	-1.75%	0.42%
2007	1,137	8.18%	2.06%	
2006	1,051	-6.08%	2.86%	-0.23%

Year	AADT	1-Year Growth	5-Year Growth	10-Year Growth
2005	1,119	7.60%	4.82%	
2004	1,040	-26.66%	0.57%	
2003	1,418	72.72%	7.28%	
2002	821	5.53%		
2001	778	-21.49%	-9.98%	
2000	991	-20.59%		-0.18%
1999	1,248	-2.12%		
1998	1,275			
1997				
1996	1,036			
1995				
1994				
1993				
1992				
1991				



# Appendix B: Response to State Codes

# B-1: Response to State Code 1

#### State code 1: Development in a state-controlled road environment

**Table 1.1 Development in general** 

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Buildings, structures, infrastructure, service	es and utilities	
PO1 The location of the development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	AO1.1 Development is not located in a state-controlled road.	COMPLIES WITH PO
	AND	
	AO1.2 Development can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road.	
PO2 The design and construction of the development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO
PO3 The location of the development does not obstruct road transport infrastructure or adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO
PO4 The location, placement, design and operation of advertising devices, visible from the state-controlled road, do not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

PO5 The design and construction of buildings and structures does not create a safety hazard by distracting users of the state-controlled road.	AO5.1 Facades of buildings and structures fronting the state-controlled road are made of non-reflective materials.  AND  AO5.2 Facades of buildings and structures do not direct or reflect point light sources into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road.  AND  AO5.3 External lighting of buildings and structures is not directed into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road.  AND  AO5.4 External lighting of buildings and structures does not involve flashing or laser lights.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO6 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over a state-controlled road are designed and constructed to prevent projectiles from being thrown onto the state-controlled road.	A06.1 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over the state-controlled road include throw protection screens in accordance with section 4.11 of the Design Criteria for Bridges and Other Structures Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2020.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT INCLUDE A CHANGE TO THE EXISTING OVERPASS FACILITY OR A NEW BRIDGE TO BE CONSTRUCTED AS PART OF THE PROJECT

Landscaping		
PO7 The location of landscaping does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	A07.1 Landscaping is not located in a state-controlled road.  AND	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	A07.2 Landscaping can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	A07.3 Landscaping does not block or obscure the sight lines for vehicular access to a state-controlled road.	
Stormwater and overland flow		
PO8 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO9 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not result in a material worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO10 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

PO11 Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO11.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a state-controlled road.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	AND	
	AO11.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	AO11.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.	
	AND	
	AO11.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to the state-controlled road.	
Flooding		
PO12 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state-controlled road.	AO12.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing flood levels within a state-controlled road.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	AND	

	A012.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a statecontrolled road.	
	AND	
	A012.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing time of submergence of a statecontrolled road.	
Drainage Infrastructure		
PO13 Drainage infrastructure does not create a safety hazard for users in the state-controlled road.	A013.1 Drainage infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site, except at the lawful point of discharge.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	AND	
	A013.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road.	
PO14 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or within, a state-controlled road is constructed, and designed to ensure the structural integrity and physical condition of existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding drainage network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Table 1.2 Vehicular access, road layout and local roads

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Vehicular access to a state-controlled road or	within 100 metres of a state-controlled r	oad intersection
PO15 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access to a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO16 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access does not adversely impact the functional requirements of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO17 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access is consistent with the future intent of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO18 New or changed access is consistent with the access for the relevant limited access road policy:	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
LAR 1 where direct access is prohibited; or		
LAR 2 where access may be permitted, subject to assessment.		
PO19 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL RETAINS THE EXISTING ACCESS ARRANGEMENTS AND IMPROVES ON ITS SEPARATION ACHIEVED WITH THE STATE CONTROLLED INTERSECTION.
PO20 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not adversely impact on the operating performance of the intersection.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO

Public passenger transport and active transport			
PO21 Development does not compromise the safety of users of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES	
PO22 Development maintains the ability for people to access public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES	
PO23 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES	
PO24 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES	

#### **Table 1.3 Network impacts**

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO25 Development does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO26 Development ensures no net worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT

PO27 Traffic movements are not directed onto a state-controlled road where they can be accommodated on the local road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO28 Development involving haulage exceeding 10,000 tonnes per year does not adversely impact the pavement of a statecontrolled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO29 Development does not impede delivery of planned upgrades of state-controlled roads.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO30 Development does not impede delivery of corridor improvements located entirely within the state-controlled road corridor.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT

Table 1.4 Filling, excavation, building foundations and retaining structures

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO31 Development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO32 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO33 Development does not undermine, damage or cause subsidence of a state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT

PO34 Development does not cause ground water disturbance in a state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO35 Excavation, boring, piling, blasting and fill compaction do not adversely impact the physical condition or structural integrity of a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO36 Filling and excavation associated with the construction of new or changed access do not compromise the operation or capacity of existing drainage infrastructure for a state- controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

#### **Table 1.5 Environmental emissions**

Statutory note: Where a state-controlled road is co-located in the same transport corridor as a railway, the development should instead comply with Environmental emissions in State code 2: Development in a railway environment.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Reconfiguring a lot		
Involving the creation of 5 or fewer new resid	dential lots adjacent to a state-controlled road	or type 1 multi-modal corridor
PO37 Development minimises free field noise intrusion from a state-controlled road.	AO37.1 Development provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed:	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1);	
	in accordance with:	

Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;

Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;

Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.

OR

AO37.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.

OR

AO37.3 Development provides a solid gap-free fence or other solid gap-free structure along the full extent of the boundary closest to the state-controlled road.

#### Involving the creation of 6 or more new residential lots adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor

PO38 Reconfiguring a lot minimises free field noise intrusion from a state-controlled road.

AO38.1 Development provides noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed:

to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1);

NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

in accordance with:

Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;

Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;

Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.

OR

A038.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.

#### Material change of use (accommodation activity)

#### Ground floor level requirements adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor

PO39 Development minimises noise intrusion
from a state-controlled road in private open
space.

A039.1 Development provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed:

to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.2) for private open space at the ground floor level;

in accordance with:

Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;

NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

	Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.  OR  A039.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.2) for private open space by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	
PO40 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) minimises noise intrusion from a state-controlled road in habitable rooms at the facade.	AO40.1 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed: to achieve the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for habitable rooms; in accordance with:  Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;  Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;  Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

AO40.2 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) achieves the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for habitable rooms by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	
No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
mmodation activity) adjacent to a state-control	lled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor
No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	AO40.2 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) achieves the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for habitable rooms by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.  No acceptable outcome is provided.  mmodation activity) adjacent to a state-control No acceptable outcome is provided.

#### Material change of use (other uses)

Ground floor level requirements (childcare centre, educational establishment, hospital) adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor

PO44 Development:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT
provides a noise barrier or earth mound that is designed, sited and constructed:		ASSESSMENT
to achieve the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) for all outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas; in accordance with: Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020; or		
achieves the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) for all outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.		
PO45 Development involving a childcare centre or educational establishment:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
provides a noise barrier or earth mound that is designed, sited and constructed:		
to achieve the maximum building facade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.2); in accordance with: Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice:		

Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020; or achieves the maximum building facade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.2) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.		
PO46 Development involving: indoor education areas and indoor play areas; or sleeping rooms in a childcare centre; or patient care areas in a hospital achieves the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (items 3.2-3.4).	No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
Above ground floor level requirements (child 1 multi-modal corridor	lcare centre, educational establishment, hospit	al) adjacent to a state-controlled road or type
PO47 Development involving a childcare centre or educational establishment which have balconies, podiums or elevated outdoor play areas predicted to exceed the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) due to noise from a state-controlled road are provided with:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
a continuous solid gap-free structure or balustrade (excluding gaps required for drainage purposes to comply with the Building Code of Australia);		

highly acoustically absorbent material treatment for the total area of the soffit above balconies or elevated outdoor play areas.		
PO48 Development including:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT
indoor education areas and indoor play areas in a childcare centre or educational establishment; or sleeping rooms in a childcare centre; or patient care areas in a hospital located above ground level, is designed and constructed to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (items 3.2-3.4).		ASSESSMENT
Air, light and vibration		
PO49 Private open space, outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas are protected from air quality impacts from a statecontrolled road.	AO49.1 Each dwelling or unit has access to a private open space which is shielded from a state-controlled road by a building, solid gapfree fence, or other solid gap-free structure.  OR	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	AO49.2 Each outdoor education area and outdoor play area is shielded from a state-controlled road by a building, solid gap-free fence, or other solid gap-free structure.	

PO50 Patient care areas within hospitals are protected from vibration impacts from a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor.	AO50.1 Hospitals are designed and constructed to ensure vibration in the patient treatment area does not exceed a vibration dose value of 0.1m/s1.75.  AND  AO50.2 Hospitals are designed and constructed	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	to ensure vibration in the ward of a patient care area does not exceed a vibration dose value of 0.4m/s1.75.	
PO51 Development is designed and sited to ensure light from infrastructure within, and from users of, a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor, does not:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
intrude into buildings during night hours (10pm to 6am); create unreasonable disturbance during evening hours (6pm to 10pm).		

Table 1.6: Development in a future state-controlled road environment

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO52 Development does not impede delivery of a future state-controlled road.	AO52.1 Development is not located in a future state-controlled road.  OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
	AO52.2 Development does not involve filling and excavation of, or material changes to, a future state-controlled road.	

P053 The location and design of new or	AND  AO52.3 The intensification of lots does not occur within a future state-controlled road.  AND  AO52.4 Development does not result in the landlocking of parcels once a future state-controlled road is delivered.  AO53.1 Development does not include new or	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL
changed access does not create a safety hazard for users of a future state-controlled road.	changed access to a future state-controlled road.	NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO54 Filling, excavation, building foundations and retaining structures do not undermine, damage or cause subsidence of a future statecontrolled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO55 Development does not result in a material worsening of stormwater, flooding, overland flow or drainage impacts in a future state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO56 Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO56.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a future state-controlled road.  AND	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

AO56.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a future state-controlled road.	
AND	
AO56.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.	
AND	
AO56.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to the future state-controlled road.	

# B-2: Response to State Code 6

#### State code 6: Protection of state transport networks

#### **Table 6.2 Development in general**

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response		
Network impacts				
PO1 Development does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT		
PO2 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT		
PO3 Development ensures no net worsening of the operating performance the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT		
PO4 Traffic movements are not directed onto a state-controlled road where they can be accommodated on the local road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT		
PO5 Development involving haulage exceeding 10,000 tonnes per year does not damage the pavement of a state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT		
PO6 Development does not require a new railway level crossing.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY		
PO7 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of an existing railway crossing.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY		
PO8 Development does not adversely impact on the safety of an existing railway crossing.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY		

PO9 Development is designed and constructed to allow for on-site circulation to ensure vehicles do not queue in a railway crossing.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY
PO10 Development does not create a safety hazard within the railway corridor.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY
PO11 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of the railway corridor.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY
PO12 Development does not interfere with or obstruct the railway transport infrastructure or other rail infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY
PO13 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, THE DEVELOPMENT IS NOT WITHIN ACCESSIBLE PROXIMITY OF A RAILWAY
Stormwater and overland flow		
PO14 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO15 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not result in a material worsening of operating performance of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO16 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not interfere with the structural integrity or physical condition of the state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PO17 Development associated with a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO17.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.  AND	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

	T	
	AO17.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a state transport corridor.  AND  AO17.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.  AND  AO17.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.	
Flooding	T	
PO18 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure	For a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure, all of the following apply:  A018.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing flood levels within a state transport corridor.  AND	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	AO18.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures	

	there are negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a state transport corridor.	
	AND	
	A018.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing time of submergence of a state transport corridor.	
	No acceptable outcome is prescribed for a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.	
Drainage infrastructure		
PO19 Drainage infrastructure does not create a safety hazard in a state transport corridor.	For a state-controlled road environment, both of the following apply:	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
	A019.1 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or in a state-controlled road is wholly contained within the development site, except at the lawful point of discharge.	
	AND	
	AO19.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state transport corridor.	
	For a railway environment both of the following apply:	

	A019.3 Drainage infrastructure associated with a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site.	
	AND	
	A019.4 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state transport corridor.	
PO20 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or in a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure is constructed and designed to ensure the structural integrity and physical condition of existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding drainage network is maintained.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE TO TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT
Planned upgrades		
PO21 Development does not impede delivery of planned upgrades of state transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - THE PROPOSAL WILL NOT HAVE ADVERSE IMPACT ON STATE CONTROLLED ROAD, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT

#### $Table\ 6.3\ Public\ passenger\ transport\ infrastructure\ and\ active\ transport$

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO22 Development does not damage or interfere with public passenger transport infrastructure, active transport infrastructure or public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES
PO23 Development does not compromise the safety of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES

PO24 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES
PO25 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, THE PROPOSAL DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE SAFETY AND OPERATION OF THE EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE TRANSPORT FACILITIES
PO26 Upgraded or new public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure is provided to accommodate the demand for public passenger transport and active transport generated by the development.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE - NO UPGRADED OR NEW PUBLIC TRANSPORT INFRASCTRUCTURE IS PROPOSED TO BE CONSTRUCTED
PO27 Development is designed to ensure the location of public passenger transport infrastructure prioritises and enables efficient public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE - NO UPGRADED OR NEW PUBLIC TRANSPORT INFRASCTRUCTURE IS PROPOSED TO BE CONSTRUCTED
PO28 Development enables the provision or extension of public passenger services, public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure to the development and avoids creating indirect or inefficient routes for public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE - NO UPGRADED OR NEW PUBLIC TRANSPORT INFRASCTRUCTURE IS PROPOSED TO BE CONSTRUCTED
PO29 New or modified road networks are designed to enable development to be serviced by public passenger services.	AO29.1 Roads catering for buses are arterial or subarterial roads, collector or their equivalent.	NOT APPLICABLE - NO UPGRADED OR NEW PUBLIC TRANSPORT INFRASCTRUCTURE IS PROPOSED TO BE CONSTRUCTED
	AND  AO29.2 Roads intended to accommodate buses are designed and constructed in accordance with:	

PO30 Development provides safe, direct and convenient access to existing and future public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.	Road Planning and Design Manual, 2nd Edition, Volume 3 – Guide to Road Design; Department of Transport and Main Roads; Supplement to Austroads Guide to Road Design (Parts 3, 4-4C and 6), Department of Transport and Main Roads; Austroads Guide to Road Design (Parts 3, 4-4C and 6); Austroads Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates; Queensland Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices, Part 13: Local Area Traffic Management and AS 1742.13-2009 Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Local Area Traffic Management;  AND  A029.3 Traffic calming devices are not installed on roads used for buses in accordance with section 2.3.2 Bus Route Infrastructure, Public Transport Infrastructure Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2015.  No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO - EXISTING PUBLIC AND ACTIVE PASSENGER TRANSPORT ARE RETAINED
PO31 On-site vehicular circulation ensures the safety of both public passenger transport services and pedestrians.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	COMPLIES WITH PO, REFER TO TRAFFIC REPORT
PO32 Taxi facilities are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, DEDICATED TAXI FACILITIES ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE NECESSARY

PO33 Facilities are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development for community transport services, courtesy transport services, and booked hire services other than taxis.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NOT APPLICABLE, DEDICATED OTHER TRANSPORT FACILITIES ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE NECCESSARY
PO34 Taxi facilities are located and designed to provide convenient, safe and equitable access for passengers.	AO34.1 A taxi facility is provided parallel to the kerb and adjacent to the main entrance.  AND  AO34.2 Taxi facilities are designed in accordance with:  AS2890.5–1993 Parking facilities – on-street parking and AS1428.1–2009 Design for access and mobility – general requirements for access – new building work;  AS1742.11–1999 Parking controls – manual of uniform traffic control devices  AS/NZS 2890.6–2009 Parking facilities –off street parking for people with disabilities;  Disability standards for accessible public transport 2002 made under section 31(1) of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992;  AS/NZS 1158.3.1 – Lighting for roads and public spaces, Part 3.1: Pedestrian area (category P) lighting – Performance and design requirements; Chapter 7 Taxi Facilities, Public Transport	NOT APPLICABLE, DEDICATED TAXI FACILITIES ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE NECESSARY
PO35 Educational establishments are designed to ensure the safe and efficient operation of public	Infrastructure Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2015.  AO35.1 Educational establishments are designed in accordance with the provisions of the Planning for	NOT APPLICABLE, THE PROPOSAL IS NOT FOR AN EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT
passenger services, pedestrian and cyclist access and active transport infrastructure.	Safe Transport Infrastructure at Schools, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2011.	AN EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT



ATTACHMENT F -	STORMWATER	MANAGEMENT	
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# Proposed Car Wash at 71 Galatea Street, Charleville **QLD 4470**

Stormwater Management Plan

DATE 24 July 2023

R018-22-23

Neale William McShane

COMMERCIAL IN CONFIDENCE

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# Nomenclature

Abbreviation	Definition
AEP	Annual Exceedance Probability
AHD	Australian Height Datum
ALS	Aerial Laser Survey
ARI	Average Recurrence Interval
ARR	Australia Runoff and Rainfall
Council	Murweh Shire Council
MCE	McMurtrie Consulting Engineers
MCU	Material Change of Use
OPW	Operational Works
QUDM	Queensland Urban Drainage Manual
SPP	State Planning Policy
ROL	Reconfiguring a Lot

In-line with the recent implementation of ARR (Ball, et al., 2019) design storm events are described in terms of AEP, the probability of a storm event magnitude exceeded in any given year as a percentage. This terminology was implemented to replace the ARI, of which is commonly misinterpreted, for example, that a 1 in 10 year ARI will occur exactly once in every ten years. The reference equivalency of standard design storm events are presented below:

AEP (%)	ARI (year)	Shorthand
63	1 in 1	Q1
39	1 in 2	Q2
18	1 in 5	Q5
10	1 in 9.49	Q10
5	1 in 20	Q20
2	1 in 50	Q50
1	1 in 100	Q100

# Contents

1	Intro	oduction	. 5
	1.1	Project Overview	5
	1.2	Methodology	5
	1.3	Data Sources	5
	1.4	Basis of Report	5
2	Site	Characteristics	6
	2.1	Pre-Development	6
	2.2	Post-Development	6
3	Hyd	rology	8
	3.1	Hydrologic Modelling Approach	8
	3.2	Catchment Hydrologic Parameters	8
	3.3	Hydrology Results	8
4	Hyd	raulics	9
	4.1	Stormwater Management Strategy	9
	4.2	Tank Parameters	9
	4.3	Results	9
5	Stor	mwater Quality	10
	5.1	Construction Phase	10
6	Sum	nmary	.11
	6.1	Conclusion	.11
	6.2	Qualifications	.11

# **Appendices**

Appendix A: Box and Whisker Plots

A-1: Hydrology A-2: Tank Depth

## 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Project Overview

McMurtrie Consulting Engineers have been commissioned by Neale William McShane (the Client) to undertake a site-based Stormwater Management Plan to support a Development Application for Material Change of Use, for a carwash facility. The site is located at 71 Galatea Street, Charleville 4470, on land described as Lot 20 on C1405.

The aim of this SMP is to demonstrate that the proposed development will comply with Council planning scheme requirements, QUDM (IPWEAQ, 2016), Australian Rainfall and Runoff (Ball, et al., Australian Rainfall and Runoff: A Guide to Flood Estimation, 2019) and the State Planning Policy (DILGP, 2017).

#### 1.2 Methodology

The assessment methodology adopted for this SMP is summarised below.

- Broadly identify the contributing catchments to the project.
- Identify Lawful Point of Discharge (LPOD) for the site stormwater runoff.
- Estimate peak discharge runoff for pre-development and post-development scenarios.
- Identify potential mitigation and management strategies to ensure no worsening to downstream catchments and infrastructure.

#### 1.3 Data Sources

The background data used to undertake this assessment were collected from the following sources:

- ARR'16 data hub
- Elvis Elevation and Depth Foundation Spatial Data hub.
  - 2014 Charleville 1m DEM.

## 1.4 Basis of Report

The basis of this report has been developed using the following additional inputs:

- SARA pre-lodgement advice dated 20 February 2023.
- Development layout plans provided by WD Building Design dated 16 January 2023.

# 2 Site Characteristics

## 2.1 Pre-Development

The site is a residential lot with a flat (<0.5%) gradient and is generally sparsely grassed. The site generally drains to Galatea Street to the south and Sturt Street to the west as sheet flow, with a small section of the existing building's roof draining to Sturt Street via a kerb adapter.

All runoff from the site and the greater catchment drains to the existing drop inlet to the east on the corner of Wills Street and Galatea Street via the existing kerb and channel. Preliminary checks of the capacity of this kerb and channel indicate that it is likely undersized, and given the road crest appears to be higher than the back of kerb there is risk of impacting the lots along the northern side of Galatea Street.

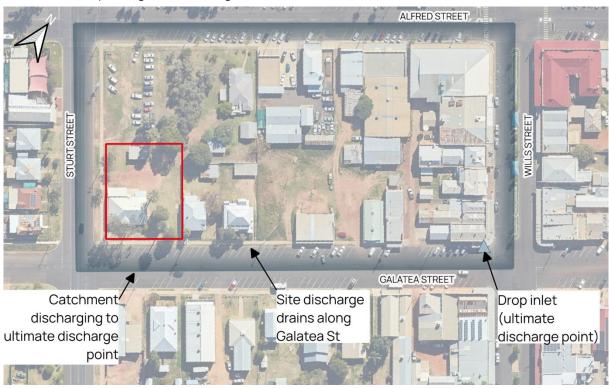


Figure 1 - Pre-development

### 2.1.1 Lawful Point of Discharge

The site currently discharges to the kerb along the southern and western frontages, which are both suitable lawful points of discharge.

## 2.1.2 Flooding

Per the Murweh Shire Council Planning Scheme Flood Hazard Map – Charleville, the subject site is not located within the Flood Hazard overlay area and therefore not subject to flooding.

## 2.2 Post-Development

The developed site is shown in Figure 2. The proposal consists of significant areas of concrete pavement, as well as canopies over both the wash and vacuum bays, and multiple ancillary structures.

There is no below-ground stormwater infrastructure in the vicinity of the site, with the nearest inlet being shown as the ultimate discharge point in Figure 2. Due to this, pumping of runoff from the site is required in order to facilitate stormwater detention.

It is proposed that all runoff be directed to Galatea Street.

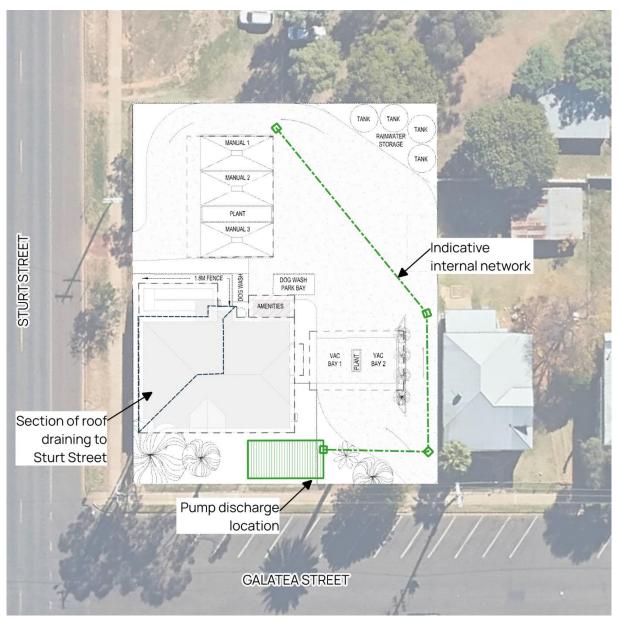


Figure 2 - Post-development

# 2.2.1 Lawful Point of Discharge

It is proposed to discharge to the kerb along Galatea Street only, so as to avoid localising flow to the State Controlled Road and ensure no nuisance.

# 3 Hydrology

## 3.1 Hydrologic Modelling Approach

Hydrologic calculations have been undertaken using XPSTORM 2023.1 for pre and post development scenarios. Hydrologic modelling has been undertaken using the Laurenson Runoff Routing Method. The information required to apply Laurenson's Method include:

- Rainfall Data (obtained from the Bureau of Meteorology 2016 IFD utility and ARR Data Hub)
- Catchment Area (ha)
- Catchment Slope (%)
- Initial and Continuing Loss Data
- Catchment Roughness (Manning's 'n')

## 3.2 Catchment Hydrologic Parameters

Table 1 presents the input data for the development site in pre-development and post-development conditions. Consistent with the conventions of the Laurenson method, each catchment is split into two subcatchments, one for 0% fraction impervious and one for 100% fraction impervious. The slope adopted represents the equal-area vectored slope.

Table 1 - XP Storm model parameters

Parameter		Pre-Development		Post-Development	
		Pervious	Impervious	Pervious	Impervious
Area (ha)		0.155	0.047	0.048	0.154
Percent Imp	pervious (%)	0	100	0	100
Slope (%)		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Laurenson 'n' (storage non-linearity exponent)		-0.285	-0.285	-0.285	-0.285
	Initial Loss (mm/hr)	64	0	64	0
Infiltration	Continuing Loss (mm/hr)	3	0	3	0
Manning's Roughness		0.030	0.015	0.030	0.015

# 3.3 Hydrology Results

Table 2 summarises the maximum mean storm events for the site.

Table 2 - Hydrology results

Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP %)	Pre- Development	Post- Development
10%	R_10pct_15min (0.0191m3/s)	R_10pct_10min (0.0615m3/s)
1% (Major Event)	R_1pct_10min (0.0314m3/s)	R_1pct_2hr (0.0974m3/s)

# 4 Hydraulics

## 4.1 Stormwater Management Strategy

In order to achieve non-worsening, it is proposed that all runoff be directed towards Galatea Street in order to eliminate any potential localisation of flows to the State Controlled Road.

A below ground detention tank is proposed to offset the increase in runoff caused by the proposed development. Due to a lack of surrounding infrastructure, the tank will require a pump discharging to the kerb on Galatea Street, which will be sized to limit discharge to pre-development rates.

The proposed tank is required to be 50m2 in area and 1m deep, along with a Davey DT22 sump pump or approved equivalent. A secondary backup pump should be provided to provide redundancy in the event of a failure.

#### 4.2 Tank Parameters

Table 3 - Tank parameters

Parameter	Value
Tank Area	50m <sup>2</sup>
Tank Depth	1m
Tank Outlet	Davey DT22 sump pump connected to kerb adapter

#### 4.3 Results

Table 4 - Hydraulic results

Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP %)	Pre- Development	Mitigated	Change
10%	R_10pct_15min (0.0191m3/s)	R_10pct_10min (0.019m3/s)	-0.005%
1% (Major Event)	R_1pct_10min (0.0314m3/s)	R_1pct_2hr (0.019m3/s)	-39.5%

As can be seen, the mitigated flow rate from the site achieves less than pre-development rates, meaning there will be no impact on the existing network and no nuisance generated. The proposed runoff discharge from the kerb adapter (via the pump) will not cause nuisance to traffic or pedestrians, with a maximum velocity of 0.26m/s, which is classified as 'benign' flow.

# 5 Stormwater Quality

The proposed development is of an urban purpose of less than 2,500m2, and is located in the Western Queensland climatic region with a population of less than 25,000 persons, being 2551 persons as at 2021 Census (Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2022). This therefore does not trigger the water quality assessment benchmarks set out in the SPP (DILGP, 2017) for MCU or ROL works.

#### 5.1 Construction Phase

#### 5.1.1 Key Pollutants

During the construction phase, a number of key pollutants have been identified for this development. Table 5 below illustrates the key pollutants that have been identified.

Table 5 - Key pollutants - construction phase

Pollutant	Sources
Litter	Paper, construction packaging, food packaging, cement bags, material offcuts.
Sediment	Exposed soils and stockpiles during earthworks and building works.
Hydrocarbons	Fuel and oil spills, leaks from construction equipment and temporary car park areas.

#### 5.1.2 Erosion and Sediment Controls

Erosion and Sediment Control (ESC) devices employed on the site shall be designed and constructed in accordance with Council's guidelines.

#### **Pre-Construction**

- Stabilised site access/exit locations.
- Sediment fences are to be located along the contour lines downstream of disturbed areas.
- Diversion drains to divert clean runoff around the construction site.
- Educate site personnel on the requirements of the Sediment and Erosion Control Plan.

#### Construction

- Maintain construction access/exit, sediment fencing, catch drains and all other existing controls as required.
- Progressively surface and revegetate finished areas as appropriate.
- During construction, all areas of exposed soils allowing dust generation are to be suitably treated.
   Treatments will include mulching the soil and watering.
- Road access is to be regularly cleaned to prevent the transmission of soil on vehicle wheels and eliminate any build-up of typical road dirt and tyre dust from delivery vehicles.
- Adequate waste disposal facilities are to be provided and maintained on the site to cater for all waste materials such as litter hydrocarbons, toxic materials, acids or alkaline substances.

# 6 Summary

#### 6.1 Conclusion

The increase in impervious area has resulted in an increase in runoff from the site. The implementation of an underground tank to provide storage has been shown to effectively reduce runoff to pre-development levels, ensuring no nuisance or increased load on the stormwater network.

#### 6.2 Qualifications

This stormwater management plan has been prepared by MCE to support a unit development at 71 Galatea Street, Charleville 4470, on land described as Lot 20 on C1405.

The analysis and overall approach were specifically catered to the requirement of this project and may not be applicable beyond this scope. For this reason, any other third parties are not authorised to utilise this report without further input and advice from MCE.

It is noted that the Music modelling presented in this report has been carried out by others, and while the results of this modelling indicate conformance, MCE do not endorse or guarantee the efficacy of these results and have relied upon the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations.

Whilst this report accurately assesses the catchment hydrology performance using industry-standard theoretical techniques and engineering practices, actual future observed catchment flows may vary from those predicted herein.

# Appendix A: Box and Whisker Plots

# A-1: Hydrology

Comparison of Storm Ensembles of different durations for AEP = 10% 0.019 0.0191 0.0176 0.015 0.0147 0.0116 0.0136 0.0092 0.0103 0.0061

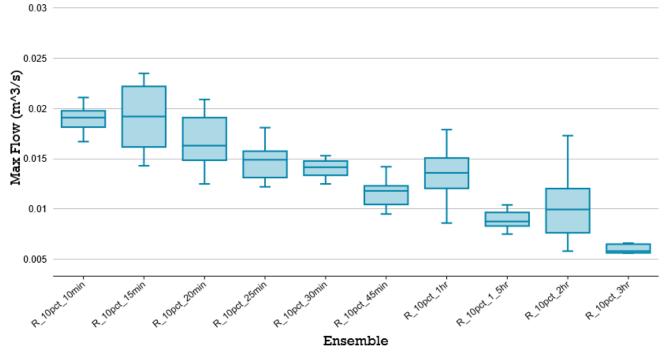


Figure 3 - 10% AEP pre-development runoff

Comparison of Storm Ensembles of different durations for AEP = 1% 0.0314 0.0287 0.0239 0.0243 0.0219 0.0198 0.0228 0.0166 0.0137 0.0144

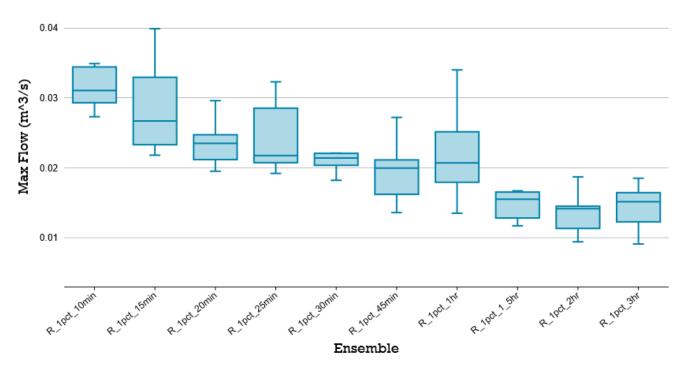


Figure 4 - 1% AEP pre-development runoff

PROJECT: Proposed Car Wash at 71 Galatea Street, Charleville QLD 4470 DATE: 24/07/23 OUR REF: R018-22-23

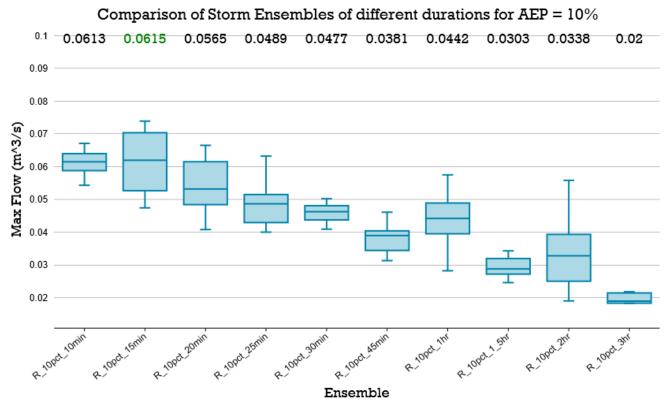


Figure 5 - 10% AEP post-development runoff

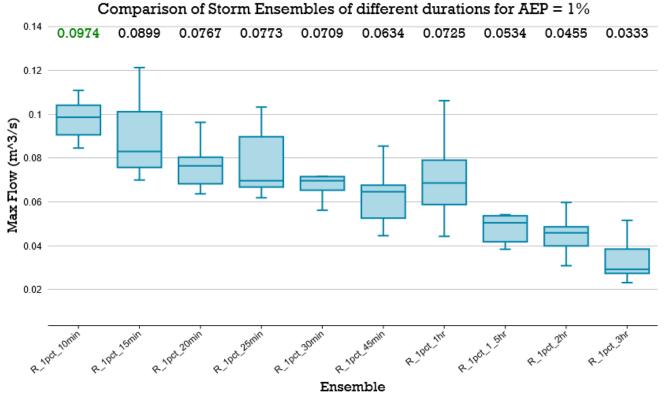


Figure 6 - 1% AEP post-development runoff

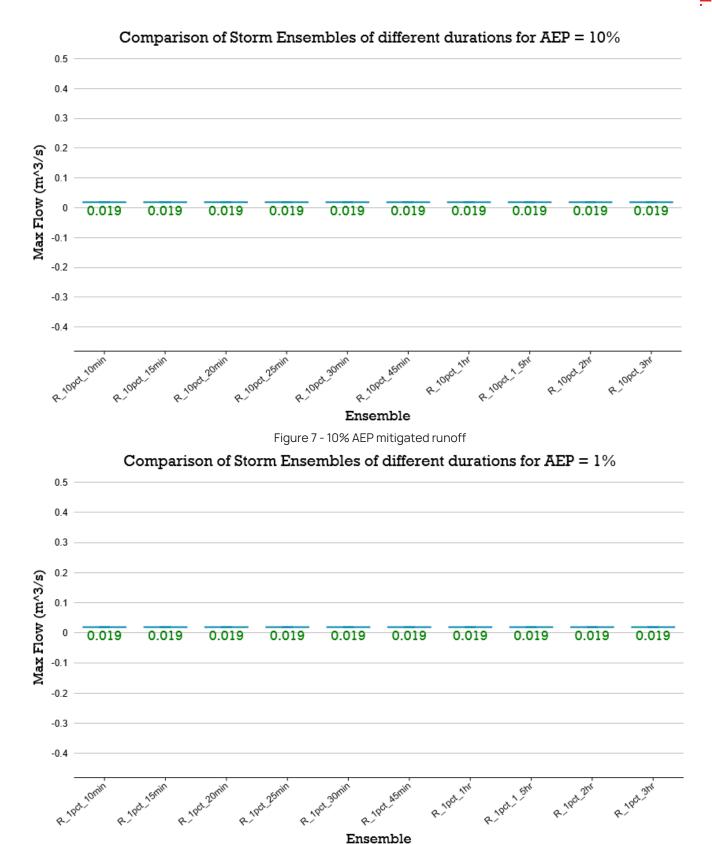


Figure 8 - 1% AEP mitigated runoff

## A-2: Tank Depth

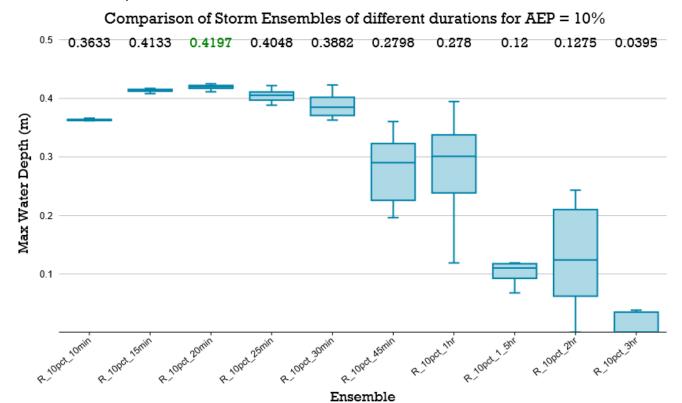


Figure 9 - 10% AEP depth in tank  $\label{eq:comparison} \mbox{Comparison of Storm Ensembles of different durations for AEP} = 1\%$ 

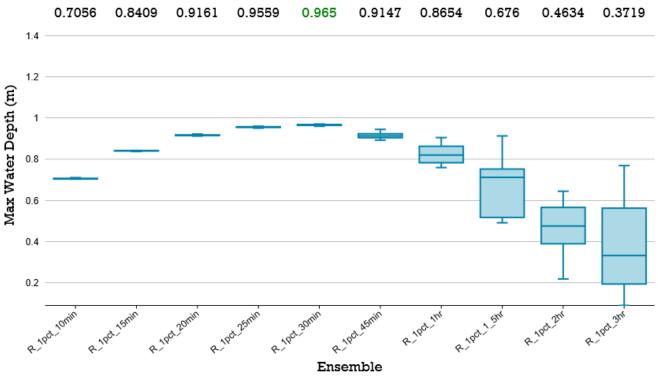


Figure 10 - 1% AEP depth in tank



ATTACHMENT G - PLANNING SCHEME CODE RESPONSES

# **TOWNSHIP ZONE CODE**



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response			
For assessable development	For assessable development				
PO1 Development is consistent with the existing built form in terms of size, design, siting and physical characteristics. The appearance and siting of buildings, other structures, car parking areas or signage is compatible with the local streetscape character, the style and design of nearby buildings, and is respectful and sympathetic to any heritage place identified in the SPP mapping – Environment, Cultural heritage.	AO1 No Acceptable Outcome provided.	Complies The proposed development is for the establishment of a new use while retaining the existing commercial activities on site. The proposal has been designed to meet the requirements of the use and achieve a high quality design outcome. Existing vegetation will be retained, where possible, to ensure the development remains compatible with the local streetscape.			
PO2 Development with frontage to a highway must have safe access points that do not adversely impact on the safety and efficiency of the road.	AO2 No Acceptable Outcome provided.	Complies The proposed development will include one-way vehicle movements such that vehicles exit the site onto Sturt Street to avoid any potential queuing. The submitted Traffic Impact Assessment demonstrates the use will not adversely impact the safety and efficiency of the road.			
PO5 Tourist accommodation in the form of a caravan park or motel is provided in locations where serviced with existing infrastructure, and where it:  a. is complementary to the existing character of the area; b. does not have an adverse impact on residential amenity; and Contributes to the quality and diversity of accommodation experiences available within the area.	AO5 No Acceptable Outcome provided.	Not Applicable The proposal is not for Tourist Accommodation.			
PO6 Commercial and industrial uses that support and service the residential areas are centrally located where they can be conveniently and safely accessed without having an adverse impact on residential amenity.	AO6 No Acceptable Outcome provided.	Complies The proposal is a commercial use that is conveniently located along the State-controlled road network to support local and travelling customers. The development is not expected to impact residential amenity.			

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
PO7 Sensitive land uses do not compromise the viability and operation of existing or future	No Acceptable Outcome	Not Applicable The proposed development is not for a sensitive land use.
industrial, major recreational, extractive, hazardous or intensive animal industries land uses and are not located within close proximity to waste		land use.
and sewage treatment plants.		
Charleville Commercial Precinct		- "
P01	AO1.1	Complies
The character of the Commercial precinct is enhanced by the design of new buildings that are sympathetic to traditional streetscapes, in terms	Developments are no higher than 2 storeys or 8 metres above the ground level within the Commercial precinct	The proposed development is less than 8m in height.
of scale, siting, architectural elements such as	AO1.2	Complies
awnings and building features.	Site cover of buildings does not exceed 85% of the site area.	Site cover is less than 85%.
PO2 New buildings maintain and enhance the existing streetscape and relationship with adjoining buildings.	AO2 Footpaths and awnings contribute towards the street frontage, complement adjacent styles and materials, and join at the same or similar levels.	Complies The existing footpaths on Sturt and Galatea Streets will be retained as a result of the development. No awnings are constructed on the adjacent lots.
PO3	AO3	Complies
New uses developed in the precinct do not	No Acceptable Outcome provided.	The proposed development is not considered to
detract from the precinct's predominant		detract from the predominant commercial nature.
commercial nature.		The proposal is for a new commercial activity and
		provides a service to local and travelling customers.

# **GENERAL DEVELOPMENT CODE**



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
Site Layout		
PO1 The size and bulk of new buildings associated with development:  a. maintains and enhances the intended local character of the location (zone and/or precinct);  b. avoids over-development of the site; and c. results in development at a consistent scale, siting and intensity to nearby development.	<ul> <li>AO1 Total development on the site has a maximum site cover as follows: <ul> <li>Rural Residential Zone - 10%</li> <li>Recreation and Open Space Zone – 10%</li> <li>Township Zone (where not in a precinct) - 50%</li> <li>Township Zone (Charleville Commercial Precinct) - 90%</li> <li>Township Zone (Charleville Residential Precinct) - 85%</li> <li>Township Zone (Charleville Industrial Precinct) - 40%</li> <li>Rural Zone – no acceptable outcome prescribed</li> </ul> </li></ul>	Complies The proposed development will have a site cover that is less than 90%.
PO2 Landscaping is provided to enhance the visual appeal of the development and soften the appearance of the built form. The majority of landscaping is to be undertaken on the principal street frontage of the development.	AO2 Except in the Charleville commercial precinct and the Rural zone, a minimum of 10% of the total development area is landscaped.	Not Applicable The proposed development is located in the Charleville Commercial Precinct. Notwithstanding, landscaping will be provided on site to enhance the visual appeal of the development.
PO3  New development retains the character and amenity of the area, including minimising or avoiding adverse impacts from:  • Heavy vehicle or traffic generation on residential or rural residential roads;  • Reduction in visual amenity by way of layout of the premises and inappropriate presentation to the street; and  • Emissions such as air pollutants, noise, stormwater run off or other pollutants.	No acceptable outcome provided.	Complies The proposed development is located along the State-controlled road network and therefore will not introduce inappropriate traffic on residential roads. The proposed layout is considered suitable to protect the visual amenity of the locality. Stormwater runoff will be managed in accordance with the submitted Stormwater Management Plan to ensure no adverse impacts on receiving environments.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
Building Design		
The height of development:  a. maintains the overall low rise scale and character of development in the Shire;  b. reflects the intended form, function and character of development in the respective zone or zone precinct; and  c. comfortably integrates with existing surrounding development without introducing adverse amenity impacts.	<ul> <li>AO4 The height of development does not exceed: <ul> <li>Recreation and Open Space Zone – 8.5m above ground level;</li> <li>Rural Residential Zone – 2 storeys and 8.5m above ground level;</li> <li>Rural Zone – no acceptable outcome provided;</li> <li>Township Zone (where not in a precinct) – 8.5m above ground level;</li> <li>Township Zone (Charleville Commercial Precinct) – 2 storeys or 8m above ground level;</li> <li>Township Zone (Charleville Industrial Precinct) – 15m above ground level; and</li> <li>Township Zone (Charleville Residential Precinct) – 2 storeys and 8.5m above ground level.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Complies The proposed development will not exceed 8m in height.
New buildings or structures present an articulated and traditional façade to the street featuring design elements that reduce the appearance of scale and bulk.	AO5  Except where in the Charleville commercial and industrial precincts, at least three of the six elements below must be incorporated into the façade of a new buildings:  • verandas or porches; • awnings and shade structures; • variations to the roof and building lines; • recesses and projections of the external facade; • doors and window openings; or • a range of building materials, colours and textures matching or complementing those prevailing in neighbouring buildings.	Not Applicable The site is located within the Charleville Commercial Precinct.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
PO6 Buildings and structures are setback from the front, side and rear boundaries generally consistent with:  • the intended form, function and character of development in the respective zone or zone precinct; and  • prevailing setbacks of existing development in the same zone or zone precinct in the locality; and  • amenity outcomes for adjoining development, streetscapes and public spaces.	No acceptable outcome provided.	Complies The proposed new structures are suitably setback from the boundaries of the site to maintain the amenity of surrounding allotments and ensure safe vehicle manoeuvring paths through the site.
Dual Occupancy and Multiple Dwelling		
PO7 The design, appearance and form of development for Dual Occupancy or a Multiple Dwelling reflects a high standard and permanent form of accommodation that complements the character of existing residential development in the Shire.  Editor's note: Dwellings having the appearance of relocatable dwellings or other temporary structures are discouraged and unlikely to meet this performance outcome. However, this provision is not intended to preclude creative or adaptive building design outcomes where exhibiting strong architectural merit and visual appeal.	No acceptable outcome provided.	Not Applicable

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
Building scale, form and site layout is consistent with existing prevalent residential architectural features and site layouts (eg location of building at the front of the lot, parking at the side or rear of dwellings, one larger building rather than multiple small buildings).  Editor's note: Dwellings having the appearance of relocatable dwellings or other temporary structures are generally discouraged and unlikely to meet the performance outcome. However, this provision is not intended to preclude creative or adaptive building design outcomes where exhibiting strong architectural merit and visual appeal.	No acceptable outcome provided.	Not Applicable
PO9 Landscaping is provided for site presentation, privacy and shade.	No acceptable outcome provided.	Not Applicable
Ancillary Uses		
PO10 Other than where located in the Rural Zone, buildings and structures for ancillary uses and activities such as sheds are subordinate in use and size to the primary use of the premises.	AO10 Other than where located in the Rural Zone, buildings and structures for ancillary uses and activities do not exceed 10% of the gross floor area of the primary use on the site.	Not Applicable
Access, Manoeuvring and Parking		
PO11 The proposed development accommodates sufficient car parking on site to meet the peak parking demand of the use at any point in time.	AO11 Car parking is provided at rates as per table 7.3.1.2.	Complies with Performance Outcome Table 7.3.1.2 does not specify a car parking rate for a car wash. Due to the nature of the use, one car parking space is proposed adjacent to the dog wash. No other parking spaces are considered to be required to meet peak demand

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
PO12 The proposed driveway is clear of all impediments.	AO12 The proposed driveway is clear of street furniture, gully pits, man holes, power poles, street trees and bus stops.	Complies The existing driveways will be upgraded and will be clear of any impediments.
PO13 The location of driveways does not create a danger to the safety and efficiency of existing intersections.	AO13.1 Driveway access is from the secondary lower order road where located on a corner allotment	Complies Access into the site is provided via Galatea Street. Vehicles will exit onto Sturt Street.
	AO13.2  The minimum distance of a driveway from an intersection of one street with another is 6 metres.	Complies The existing driveways are adequately setback from the intersection.
PO14 The design of access, parking and manoeuvring within the site:  a. is adequate for the type and volume of traffic generated by the use;	AO14.1 Vehicle crossovers are designed in accordance with: a. Figure 1; or b. Figure 2.	Complies Crossovers will be upgraded and constructed to a suitable standard.
<ul> <li>b. does not adversely impact on the traffic network external to the site;</li> <li>c. caters for safe pedestrian access; and</li> <li>d. provides appropriate parking space/s and access for people with a disability.</li> </ul>	AO14.2 Car parking and manoeuvring areas are designed in accordance with:  • AS2890.1 – Parking Facilities; and  • Austroads AP-34/95 - Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates.	Complies The site layout provides adequate manoeuvring areas for expected vehicle sizes accessing the site.
Infrastructure and Services PO15 The development is supplied with an appropriate level of infrastructure to support the intended use.	AO15 Telecommunications and electricity supplies are designed and installed to supplier standards.	Complies The site is connected to telecommunications and electricity networks.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
PO16 All development has an adequate supply of potable water and can provide for appropriate treatment and disposal of effluent and other waste water.	AO16.1 In the Township zone, all development is connected to MSC's reticulated water supply network in accordance with:  • Water Services Association of Australia (WSAA), 2011, "WSA 03-11 Water Supply Code of Australia" Version 3.1.  • Queensland Department of Energy and Water Supply, 2010, Planning Guidelines for Water Supply and Sewerage.  In the Public and Open Space, Rural and Rural Residential Zones, a potable water supply is provided.	Complies The site is connected to the reticulated water supply.
	AO16.2 In the Township zone, all development is connected to MSC's reticulated sewerage network.  In the Public and Open Space, Rural, and Rural residential zones, sewage disposal is provided generally in accordance with the Queensland Plumbing and Wastewater Code.	Complies The site is connected to the reticulated sewerage network.
PO17 Stormwater is collected and discharged to ensure no impacts on adjoining land owners, MSC or state infrastructure while also ensuring environmental values of waters in the Shire are maintained.	<ul> <li>AO17</li> <li>In all zones, stormwater drainage is provided in accordance with:         <ul> <li>Queensland urban drainage manual, 3rd Edition, Queensland Department of Energy and Water Supply, 2013.</li> <li>Pilgrim, DH, (ed)., Australian Rainfall &amp; Runoff – A Guide to Flood Estimation, Institution of Engineers, Australia, Barton, ACT, 1987.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Complies Stormwater will be managed on site in accordance with the submitted stormwater management plan to ensure no impacts.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
PO18  Wastewater discharge to a waterway is avoided or managed in a way that maintains ecological processes, riparian vegetation, waterway integrity, and downstream ecosystem health.  Editor's Note: Where wastewater discharge to a waterway is unavoidable, compliance with the performance outcome may be able to be demonstrated by the submission of a wastewater management plan (WWMP) which provides a waste management hierarchy that minimises wastewater discharge to waterways by re-use, recycling, recovery and treatment for disposal to sewer, surface water and groundwater. This WWMP is prepared by a suitably qualified person and addresses:  • wastewater type; • climatic conditions; • water quality objectives (WQOs); and • best-practice environmental management.	AO18.1 Wastewater from development is not discharged to a waterway.	Complies Wastewater will be discharged to the reticulated sewerage network.
MSC Assets PO19	AO19.1	Complies
Development does not adversely impact on MSC infrastructure.	All proposed structures and buildings are clear of MSC easements and underground infrastructure within the site boundaries.	All new development is clear of MSC infrastructure.
	AO19.2 All invert crossing(s) and driveways are clear of all gully pits, street lights, power poles and other infrastructure located within the road reserve with a minimum separation distance of 1metre.	Complies The existing driveways will be upgraded and clear of all street infrastructure.

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
<b>Development located in a Bushfire Hazard Area</b>		
PO20 A vulnerable use is not established or materially intensified where there are unacceptable risks to people or property from a Bushfire Hazard.	Vulnerable uses are not established or expanded within a bushfire prone area as identified on SPP mapping – Hazards and Safety, Natural hazards, , Risk and Resilience.  Editor's note: Vulnerable uses are those involving:  1. the accommodation or congregation of vulnerable sectors of the community such as child care centres, community care centre, educational establishments, detention facilities, hospitals, rooming accommodation, retirement facilities or residential care facilities; or  2. the provision of essential services including community uses, emergency services, utility installation, telecommunications facility, substations and major electricity infrastructure.	Not Applicable
PO21 Emergency services and uses providing community support services are able to function effectively during and immediately after a bushfire hazard event.	AO21 Emergency services and uses providing community support services are not located in a bushfire hazard (bushfire prone) area and have direct access to evacuation routes clear of a bushfire hazard area.	Not Applicable
PO22 Development involving hazardous materials manufactured or stored in bulk is not located in bushfire prone area.	AO22 The manufacture or storage of hazardous material in bulk does not occur within a bushfire prone area.	Not Applicable
PO23 Development in a bushfire prone area as identified on SPP mapping – Hazards and Safety, Natural hazards, Risk and Resilience makes adequate provision of water supply for fire-fighting requirements.	No acceptable outcome identified.	Not Applicable

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
Development in a Flood Hazard Area		
PO24 Development minimises exposure of people and property to unacceptable risk from flood hazards.	AO24  Development on land identified as flood hazard on the flood hazard maps (as identified in Schedule 2 – Flood mapping) is sited and designed so that:  a. all new lots contain a building envelope located:  i. outside of the mapped flood area in Schedule 2 – Flood mapping; or  ii. can achieve the flood immunity level of 295.85 AHO (Charleville), 366.5 AHO (Augathella).  iii. there is at least one (1) evacuation route that achieves safe egress for emergency evacuations during all floods.	Not Applicable
PO25 Development involving essential community infrastructure remains functional to meet community needs during and after flood events	AO25 No acceptable outcome provided.	Not Applicable
Stock Route Network	4000	Niet Asselles Isla
<ul> <li>a. Development of lots fronting the stock route network (SPP mapping – Economic Growth, Agriculture, Stock Route Network) has no adverse impact on the operational efficiency or safety of the stock route.</li> <li>b. The amenity of the stock route is protected (especially from any residential or sensitive commercial or community use) and any potential for conflict between access to the lot and use of the stock route is mitigated.</li> </ul>	AO26 No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response	
Petroleum Pipeline	Petroleum Pipeline		
PO27 The integrity and function of pipelines carrying petroleum and gas is maintained	AO27 No development is located within 200m of petroleum and gas pipelines or pipeline easement identified on Schedule 2 - Context Map.	Not Applicable	
Local Heritage Places			
PO28 Development maintains the values and cultural heritage significance of local heritage places, and facilitates their adaptive reuse	AO28.1 Development retains the fabric, features and contents listed as significant for the local heritage place and requires no building or operational work in relation to it; OR Development is in accordance with the guideline Developing heritage places: using the development criteria as made under the Queensland Heritage Act 1992. OR Development is undertaken in accordance with an exemption certificate issued under the Queensland Heritage Act 1992.	Not Applicable	
	AO28.2  Development does not involve the demolition of key parts of the place's cultural heritage significance.  Note: Where there is no feasible or prudent alternative to partial demolition or removal of the place:  a. a report is provided that demonstrates there is no prudent and feasible alternative to the substantial demolition of the local heritage place or its removal to another location; and b. an archival record is prepared to document the changes.  Editor's note: the report must be prepared by suitably qualified consultants, such as conservation architects or engineers, and detail alternative options investigated.	Not Applicable	

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Response
Biodiversity		
PO29 Development:  a. identifies matters of state environmental significance as identified in SPP mapping – Environment and Heritage, Biodiversity;  b. facilitates the protection and enhancement of matters of state environmental significance; and  c. protects and enhances ecological connectivity.	Where development is located in a zone other than the Township Zone, buildings, ancillary structures and all other development are constructed:  • at least 100m from the top bank of all water courses and the full supply level of storages;  • a minimum of 100m from areas identified as Matters of State Environmental Significance (MSES) in SPP mapping —Environment and Heritage, Biodiversity.  No acceptable outcome is provided for development located in the Township Zone.	Not Applicable
Aviation Facilities		
PO30 Development does not interfere with the function of aviation facilities.	Development located within the building restriction area for an aviation facility does not create:  (a) permanent or temporary physical obstructions in the line of sight between antenna; (b) an electrical or electromagnetic field that interferes with the signals transmitted by the facility; and (c) reflective surfaces that could deflect or interfere with signals transmitted by the facility;  OR  Development located within the building restricted area for an aviation facility is designed and constructed to mitigate adverse impacts on the function of the facility;  OR  Development complies with this outcome where written confirmation from Air Services Australia confirms that the development will not impair the functioning of the aviation facility.	Not Applicable



ATTACHMENT H – SDAP CODE RESPONSE

# State code 1: Development in a state-controlled road environment

State Development Assessment Provisions guideline - State Code 1: Development in a state-controlled road environment. This guideline provides direction on how to address State Code 1.

**Table 1.1 Development in general** 

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response	
Buildings, structures, infrastructure, services	Buildings, structures, infrastructure, services and utilities		
PO1 The location of the development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	AO1.1 Development is not located in a state-controlled road.  AND	Complies The proposed development is not located in a state controlled road.	
	AO1.2 Development can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road.		
PO2 The design and construction of the development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  The design of the development will not impact the structural integrity of Sturt Street.	
PO3 The location of the development does not obstruct road transport infrastructure or adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  Please refer to the attached Traffic Impact Assessment that demonstrates the development will not impact the operating performance of Sturt Street.	
<b>PO4</b> The location, placement, design and operation of advertising devices, visible from the <b>state-controlled road</b> , do not create a safety hazard for users of the <b>state-controlled road</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies Any advertising devices will be designed and located to the relevant TMR standards.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO5 The design and construction of buildings and structures does not create a safety hazard by distracting users of the state-controlled road.	AO5.1 Facades of buildings and structures fronting the state-controlled road are made of non-reflective materials.  AND AO5.2 Facades of buildings and structures do not direct or reflect point light sources into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road.	Complies The proposal is a carwash. The structure will be built of non-reflective concrete materials and will not direct point light sources onto Sturt Street.  External lighting will be directed to ensure no impacts on Sturt Street. No flashing or laser lights are proposed.
	AND AO5.3 External lighting of buildings and structures is not directed into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road.  AND AO5.4 External lighting of buildings and structures does not involve flashing or laser lights.	
PO6 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over a state-controlled road are designed and constructed to prevent projectiles from being thrown onto the state-controlled road.	AO6.1 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over the state-controlled road include throw protection screens in accordance with section 4.11 of the Design Criteria for Bridges and Other Structures Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2020.	
Landscaping		
PO7 The location of landscaping does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	AO7.1 Landscaping is not located in a state-controlled road.  AND  AO7.2 Landscaping can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road.	Complies All landscaping is contained within the site and fencing ensures the landscaping will be maintained without requiring access to Sturt Street.
	AND AO7.3 Landscaping does not block or obscure the sight lines for vehicular access to a state-controlled road.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Stormwater and overland flow		
PO8 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  Please refer to the attached Stormwater  Management Plan which demonstrates the development does not create a safety hazard for users of Sturt Street.
PO9 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not result in a material worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies Please refer to the attached Stormwater Management Plan which demonstrates the development does not result in a worsening of the operating performance of Sturt Street.
<b>PO10</b> Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not adversely impact the <b>structural integrity</b> or physical condition of the <b>state-controlled road</b> or <b>road transport infrastructure</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  Please refer to the attached Stormwater  Management Plan which demonstrates the development does not adversely impact the structural integrity of Sturt Street.
PO11 Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO11.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a state-controlled road.  AND  AO11.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a state-controlled road.  AND  AO11.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.	Complies The proposal will not create any new points of discharge and will not concentrate flows to Sturt Street.
	AND  AO11.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to the state-controlled road.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Flooding		<u> </u>
PO12 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state-controlled road.	AO12.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing flood levels within a state-controlled road.  AND AO12.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a state-controlled road.  AND AO12.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to	Not Applicable
	existing time of submergence of a <b>state-</b>	
Drainage Infrastructure	CONTROLLOR TOWN.	
PO13 Drainage infrastructure does not create a safety hazard for users in the state-controlled road.	AO13.1 Drainage infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site, except at the lawful point of discharge.	Complies All stormwater management infrastructure is contained and can be maintained on site.
	AND	
	AO13.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road.	
PO14 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or within, a state-controlled road is constructed, and designed to ensure the structural integrity and physical condition of existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding drainage network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable

Table 1.2 Vehicular access, road layout and local roads

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Vehicular access to a state-controlled road or within 100 metres of a state-controlled road intersection		
PO15 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access to a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies The proposed upgraded access will not compromise the safety of users of the state road network. The access will be exit only onto Sturt Street.
PO16 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access does not adversely impact the functional requirements of the statecontrolled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies The proposed upgraded, exit-only access to Sturt Street will not impact the functional requirements of the state road network.
PO17 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access is consistent with the future intent of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies The proposal complies with the future intent of Sturt Street.
<ul> <li>PO18 New or changed access is consistent with the access for the relevant limited access road policy:</li> <li>1. LAR 1 where direct access is prohibited; or</li> <li>2. LAR 2 where access may be permitted, subject to assessment.</li> </ul>	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable Sturt Street is not a limited access road.
PO19 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies The upgraded access from Galatea Street is located as far as practical from the intersection and is not considered to compromise the safety of vehicles moving along Sturt Street.
PO20 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not adversely impact on the operating performance of the intersection.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies Please refer to the attached Traffic Impact Assessment. The development will not impact the operating performance of the intersection.
Public passenger transport and active transport		
PO21 Development does not compromise the safety of users of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO22 Development maintains the ability for	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable
people to access public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and		
active transport infrastructure.		
<b>PO23</b> Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of <b>public passenger</b>	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable
transport infrastructure, public passenger		
services and active transport infrastructure.		
PO24 Development does not adversely impact	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable
the <b>structural integrity</b> or physical condition of		
public passenger transport infrastructure and		
active transport infrastructure.		

**Table 1.3 Network impacts** 

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
O25 Development does not compromise the afety of users of the state-controlled road etwork.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  Please refer to the attached Traffic Impact Assessment that demonstrates the development
		will not impact the safety of users of Sturt Street.
PO26 Development ensures no net worsening of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies
the operating performance of the <b>state-controlled road</b> network.		Please refer to the attached Traffic Impact Assessment that demonstrates the development will not result in any worsening of the operation of Sturt Street.
PO27 Traffic movements are not directed onto a state-controlled road where they can be accommodated on the local road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies Vehicles will enter the site via Galatea Street (local road) and will exit onto Sturt Street.
<b>PO28</b> Development involving haulage exceeding 10,000 tonnes per year does not adversely impact the pavement of a <b>state-controlled road</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO29 Development does not impede delivery of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies
planned upgrades of state-controlled roads.		The proposal does not impede any planned
		upgrades.
PO30 Development does not impede delivery of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies
corridor improvements located entirely within		The proposal does not impede any corridor
the state-controlled road corridor.		improvements.

# Table 1.4 Filling, excavation, building foundations and retaining structures

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO31 Development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies The proposed development will not create a safety hazard for users of Sturt Street.
<b>PO32</b> Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of the <b>state-controlled road</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  The development will not impact the operating performance of Sturt Street.
<b>PO33</b> Development does not undermine, damage or cause subsidence of a <b>state-controlled road</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  The construction of the proposed development will not cause damage to Sturt Street.
<b>PO34</b> Development does not cause ground water disturbance in a <b>state-controlled road</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies The proposed development will not cause groundwater disturbance.
PO35 Excavation, boring, piling, blasting and fill compaction do not adversely impact the physical condition or structural integrity of a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies  Excavation activities are limited to construction of stormwater management infrastructure and will not impact the structural integrity of Sturt Street.
PO36 Filling and excavation associated with the construction of <b>new or changed access</b> do not compromise the operation or capacity of existing drainage infrastructure for a <b>state-controlled road</b> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable No filling or excavation is required for the access upgrades.

# **Table 1.5 Environmental emissions**

Statutory note: Where a **state-controlled road** is co-located in the same transport corridor as a railway, the development should instead comply with Environmental emissions in State code 2: Development in a railway environment.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response		
Reconfiguring a lot				
Involving the creation of 5 or fewer new resider	Involving the creation of 5 or fewer new residential lots adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor			
PO37 Development minimises free field noise intrusion from a state-controlled road.	AO37.1 Development provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed:  1. to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1);  2. in accordance with:  a. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;  b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;  c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.  OR  AO37.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.  OR  AO37.3 Development provides a solid gap-free fence or other solid gap-free structure along the full extent of the boundary closest to the state-controlled road.	Not Applicable		
Involving the creation of 6 or more new residen	tial lots adjacent to a state-controlled road or type	e 1 multi-modal corridor		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO38 Reconfiguring a lot minimises free field noise intrusion from a state-controlled road.	ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES  AO38.1 Development provides noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed:  1. to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1);  2. in accordance with:  a. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;  b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;  c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.  OR  AO38.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	Not Applicable
Material change of use (accommodation activity		
	tate-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corrido	1
PO39 Development minimises noise intrusion from a state-controlled road in private open space.		Not Applicable

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.	
	OR AO39.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.2) for private open space by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	
PO40 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated	AO40.1 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building)	Not Applicable
building) minimises noise intrusion from a state-	provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is	
controlled road in habitable rooms at the	designed, sited and constructed:	
facade.	to achieve the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for <b>habitable rooms</b> ;     in accordance with:	
	<ul> <li>a. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;</li> <li>c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020.</li> </ul>	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	OR AO40.2 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) achieves the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for habitable rooms by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	response
<b>PO41 Habitable rooms</b> (excluding a <b>relevant residential building</b> or <b>relocated building</b> ) are designed and constructed using materials to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (item 3.1).	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable
	nodation activity) adjacent to a state-controlled r	
<ol> <li>PO42 Balconies, podiums, and roof decks include:</li> <li>a continuous solid gap-free structure or balustrade (excluding gaps required for drainage purposes to comply with the Building Code of Australia);</li> <li>highly acoustically absorbent material treatment for the total area of the soffit above balconies, podiums, and roof decks.</li> </ol>	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable
PO43 Habitable rooms (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) are designed and constructed using materials to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (item 3.1).	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable
Material change of use (other uses)		
	re, educational establishment, hospital) adjacent	to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal
PO44 Development: 1. provides a noise barrier or earth mound that is designed, sited and constructed:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable

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2.	a. to achieve the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) for all outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas; b. in accordance with:  i. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; ii. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; iii. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020; or achieves the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) for all outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	provides a noise barrier or earth mound that is designed, sited and constructed: to achieve the maximum building facade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.2); in accordance with:  a. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Despera
Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020; or 4. achieves the maximum building facade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.2) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO46 Development involving:  1. indoor education areas and indoor play areas; or  2. sleeping rooms in a childcare centre; or  3. patient care areas in a hospital achieves the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (items 3.2-3.4).	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable
Above ground floor level requirements (childcare modal corridor	e centre, educational establishment, hospital) ad	acent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-
PO47 Development involving a childcare centre or educational establishment which have balconies, podiums or elevated outdoor play areas predicted to exceed the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) due to noise from a state-controlled road are provided with:  1. a continuous solid gap-free structure or balustrade (excluding gaps required for drainage purposes to comply with the Building Code of Australia);  2. highly acoustically absorbent material treatment for the total area of the soffit above balconies or elevated outdoor play areas.	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO48 Development including:  1. indoor education areas and indoor play areas in a childcare centre or educational establishment; or  2. sleeping rooms in a childcare centre; or  3. patient care areas in a hospital located above ground level, is designed and constructed to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (items 3.2-3.4).  Air, light and vibration	No acceptable outcome is provided.	Not Applicable
PO49 Private open space, outdoor education	AO49.1 Each dwelling or unit has access to a	Not Applicable
areas and outdoor play areas are protected from air quality impacts from a state-controlled road.	private open space which is shielded from a state-controlled road by a building, solid gapfree fence, or other solid gap-free structure.  OR  AO49.2 Each outdoor education area and outdoor play area is shielded from a state-controlled road by a building, solid gap-free	Not Applicable
	fence, or other solid gap-free structure.	
PO50 Patient care areas within hospitals are protected from vibration impacts from a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor.	<b>AO50.1 Hospitals</b> are designed and constructed to ensure vibration in the patient treatment area does not exceed a vibration dose value of 0.1m/s <sup>1.75</sup> .	Not Applicable
	AND	
	<b>AO50.2 Hospitals</b> are designed and constructed to ensure vibration in the ward of a <b>patient care area</b> does not exceed a vibration dose value of 0.4m/s <sup>1.75</sup> .	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO51 Development is designed and sited to	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not Applicable
ensure light from infrastructure within, and from		
users of, a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-		
modal corridor, does not:		
1. intrude into buildings during night hours (10pm		
to 6am);		
create unreasonable disturbance during		
evening hours (6pm to 10pm).		

Table 1.6: Development in a future state-controlled road environment

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO52 Development does not impede delivery of a	AO52.1 Development is not located in a future	Complies
future state-controlled road.	state-controlled road.	The proposal is not in a future state controlled
		road.
	OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:	
	AO52.2 Development does not involve filling and	
	excavation of, or material changes to, a <b>future</b>	
	state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	AO52.3 The intensification of lots does not occur	
	within a future state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	AO52.4 Development does not result in the	
	landlocking of parcels once a future state-	
DOE2 The leasting and decimal frame of	controlled road is delivered.	Complies
PO53 The location and design of new or	AO53.1 Development does not include new or	Complies The proposal does not involve now as changed
changed access does not create a safety hazard for users of a future state-controlled road.	changed access to a future state-controlled	The proposal does not involve new or changed
	road.	access to a future state road.
PO54 Filling, excavation, building foundations and	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable
retaining structures do not undermine, damage		
or cause subsidence of a future state-controlled		
road.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO55 Development does not result in a material worsening of stormwater, flooding, overland flow or drainage impacts in a future state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Not Applicable
PO56 Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO56.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a future state-controlled road.	Not Applicable
	AND AO56.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a future state-controlled road.	
	AND AO56.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.	
	AND AO56.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to the future state-controlled road.	